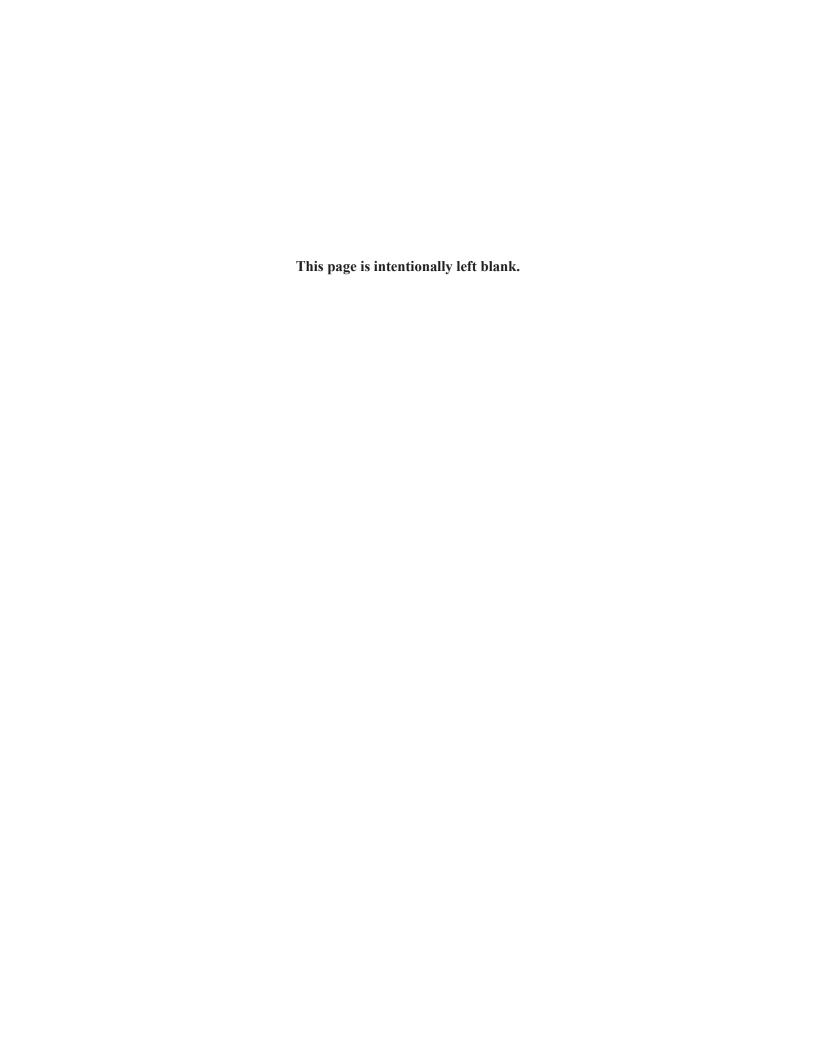


PLEASANT GROVE CITY

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ending June 30, 2017

Prepared by: Pleasant Grove City, Finance Department



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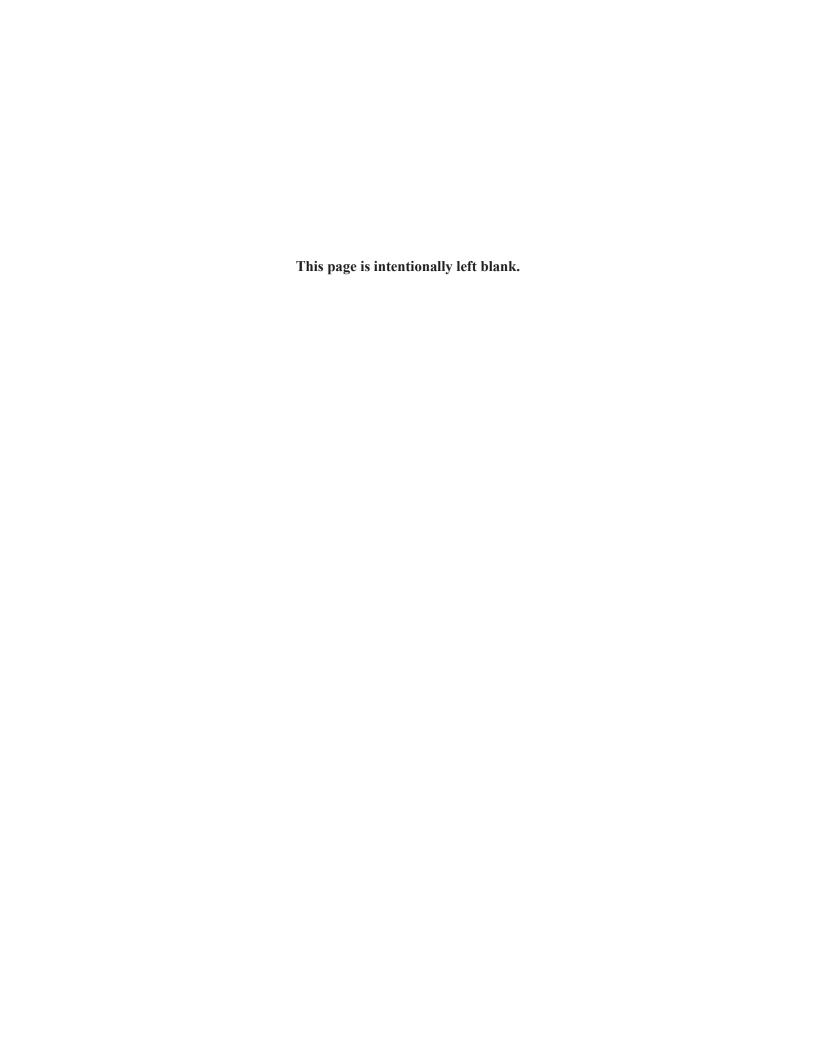
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION







December 1, 2017

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Pleasant Grove City, Utah

Re: Finance Officer's transmittal letter and report on financial statements.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Pleasant Grove City (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require the City to issue a report on its financial position and activity, and this report be annually audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects, and is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured and reported by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

This CAFR has been prepared by the Pleasant Grove City Finance Division. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The financial reporting entity (the City) includes all of the funds of the primary government, as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the Pleasant Grove Redevelopment Agency is reported in this CAFR as a special revenue fund.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Governmental Structure

Pleasant Grove operates under the six member council form of government. Powers under this form of government are vested in a council consisting of six members, one of which is the mayor. The mayor is the City's chief executive officer, and thus all employees report to him or her. The mayor votes as a voting member of the council on any matter for which there is a tie vote of the other council members, or when the council is voting on whether to appoint or dismiss a city administrator. The government is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. The Council Members are elected at large and serve staggered four-year terms. They are assisted by a city administrator, who under the direction of the mayor, is responsible for establishing and implementing City policies and overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government.

The City provides the full range of municipal services normally associated with a municipality. In brief, the general governmental functions include police and fire protection; park construction and maintenance; street construction and maintenance; public improvements; engineering; building inspection; planning and zoning; and administrative services. The City also operates the following enterprise utility funds: water, storm drain, solid waste, and sewer.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Pleasant Grove City, incorporated in 1855, is located in the northern portion of Utah County. The City is a rapidly growing suburban community encompassing 9.17 square miles. The City's population is currently 38,052. This is an increase from population estimated by the 2010 census of 4,543. The City's population increased rapidly from 2000 – 2007 but has moderated significantly since that time. We anticipate the population in Pleasant Grove to continue to increase at a steady rate with an ultimate buildout population of approximately 48,000.

After several years of minimal growth in sales tax revenue, economic activity has shown significant growth over the past three years. Sales tax revenue in FY 2017 reached \$5,425,453 which was an increase of \$414,263 from FY 2016, and \$971,778 from FY 2015. Building permit revenues totaled \$553,515, which was a slight increases of 4.1% from fiscal year 2016. The City is committed to use conservative budgeting principles, particularly related to building-related fees. Revenue in the past have been only been used to fund growth-related costs and projects, rather than used to increase the City's base budget. While current development had been progressing in 2017, we anticipate fiscal year 2018 to be another year of strong economic growth and commercial development.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Long-Range Planning. Pleasant Grove is dedicated to the adherence of forward-looking principles that keep the City in a position to be prepared for future events. With these principals in mind, the City is focused on several matters to plan and prepare for future events. Some of these are listed below:

• **3-Year Infrastructure Plan.** The City recently developed a plan that would focus on the maintenance of city streets. A key component of the plan is that the utilities underneath the road will be upgraded or deemed in good condition before major maintenance is completed.

The funds for the plan are a combination of Class C Road funds and a general fund transfer. The current 3-Year plan will use a large majority of the Class C Fund Balance in order to maximize the number of streets that can be done. After each year, the plan will be updated to add another year's worth of projects. In essence, it will be a 3-year rolling plan complete with funding sources for the projects.

The City has been considering a road fee to help with road maintenance issues. This fee would be used in conjunction with Class C road monies and a general fund contribution that goes towards road maintenance. The potential fee will be considered again in 2018.

- 5-Year Utility Fund Budgets. The City's enterprise funds are different than the governmental funds in that they are primarily funded through user fees, rather than taxes. The City realizes the need to maintain a long-term focus on needs of the City's utilities related to operations, new infrastructure and replacing aging infrastructures. In an effort to keep this long-term focus, 5-year budgets will be maintained for all utility funds and will be included in the City's annual budget document. Rates will then be evaluated each year, taking into account all future expenditures for operations, debt and capital improvements.
- General Obligation Bonding. A 2016 General Obligation was issued to refund the 2007 Series that was originally used to construct the Community Center. The refunding provides a moderate savings to the citizens of Pleasant Grove. The City also issued bonds in the amount of \$9.5 million to aid in the construction of the Public Safety Facilities that will house Police, Fire and the Justice Court.

Capital Projects. The City's Staff, following specific directives of the City Council and Mayor, have been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the City's commitment to ensuring that the citizens of Pleasant Grove are able to live and work in a desirable environment. During FY 2016-17, the City had several significant projects. Some of these projects are listed below:

- Valley Vista Trail. This trail, part of the "Trails Master Plan", was completed in the spring of 2017. The 6 mile, single track multi-use trail system was designed to encourage year-round outdoor recreation for hikers, runners, bikers, and equestrian users. The trail is also a major connector between the Bonneville Shoreline Trail and the Murdock Regional Trail. The project was funded with two Utah County Recreation Grants and Impact Fees. Four miles of the trailer was completed by a project manager, city staff and over 850 volunteer hours, with the remaining two miles completed by a trail building company.
- Lions Center Facilities. The City made structural upgrades to the Lions Center, which also included asbestos removal, ventilation and lighting upgrades.
- Utility Infrastructure Projects. The Public Works Department completed numerous projects during FY2017: Storm drain project at Locust Avenue and 300 South, and Water projects on Garden Drive, 300 South 400 East/Locust and 300 South and Locust Avenue. The department also has over 10 major projects reported as construction in progress; which includes a new water tank facility, and numerous other water, sewer and storm drain projects.
- **Public Safety Facilities**. The City will start construction of their new Public Safety Facilities in December 2017. The Fire Station is estimated to be done by November 2018, and the Police Station and Courts Building to be in done in February 2019.

Economic Development. The City Council recognizes the need to develop the City's economic base in order to provide necessary services, i.e., recreation, roads, water, etc. to its citizens. Efforts are being made by the City to attract new businesses and to promote the type of activities that will enhance the quality of life in the community. These businesses include restaurants, office buildings, and other retail businesses. With the improving economy, we are seeing greater interest in construction in the City's commercial areas. Large tracts of land have recently been purchased out in the Grove area in Pleasant Grove, the City's main commercial corridor. The City anticipates additional office space to be constructed along with retail, hotel, residential, and other tax-generating properties. The area still contains acres of undeveloped land with easy access to State Street, Pleasant Grove Boulevard, North County Boulevard and Interstate 15.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Pleasant Grove's financial statements reflect moderate growth and conservative budgeting practices. The fund balance in the City's General Fund decreased by \$491,345 during the fiscal year, to end at \$4,447,258. However, that includes a \$455,456 transfer of the 2016 surplus to fund 2017 capital projects. The City's intent is to use the General Fund surpluses to fund certain subsequent year's capital projects. The General fund's unassigned balance of \$2,909,689 represents 17.35% of the fiscal year 2017 General fund revenues.

During the past seven-year period, the City's governmental funds revenues increased from \$15,656,188 to \$20,140,871 and expenditures increased from \$20,864,604 to \$23,204,702. Growth in proprietary funds has increased over this same period. Proprietary fund operating revenues increased from \$6,410,066 to \$14,891,982 as compared to fiscal year 2010, while operating expenses rose from \$6,598,011 to \$11,357,879. Utility rate increases have attributed to the growth in revenue, and has provided funding to complete a greater number of capital projects.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place and to document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluations. The audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, disclosed no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations.

The City's budget serves as the foundation for its financial planning and control. City Management prepares a proposed annual budget which is presented to the City Council for review no later than the first council meeting in May. The Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt the final budget prior to June 22, unless

the City proposes a property tax in excess of its certified tax rate. In that case, a tentative budget is adopted and is in force until a public hearing is held to approve the increase.

A budget is prepared for each fund, and the General Fund is further divided into departments. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers in appropriations between departments, or increases in revenues require the approval of the City Council. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital project funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level where expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriate amount) is at the department level within the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds.

As demonstrated by the statement included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The firm of Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose, Erickson, PC was selected to perform this audit. This audit was designed to meet the requirements set forth in the Utah State statutes. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and the standards set forth in the General Accounting Office's Government Auditing Standards were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement of Excellence in Financial Reporting to Pleasant Grove City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We would like to thank the Mayor and the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a dedicated and responsible manner.

The preparation of the CAFR on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efforts and dedication of the City staff. We would like to express our appreciation to them and other personnel from various agencies and authorities who assisted in its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

J. Scott Darrington
City Administrator

Denise B. Roy Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

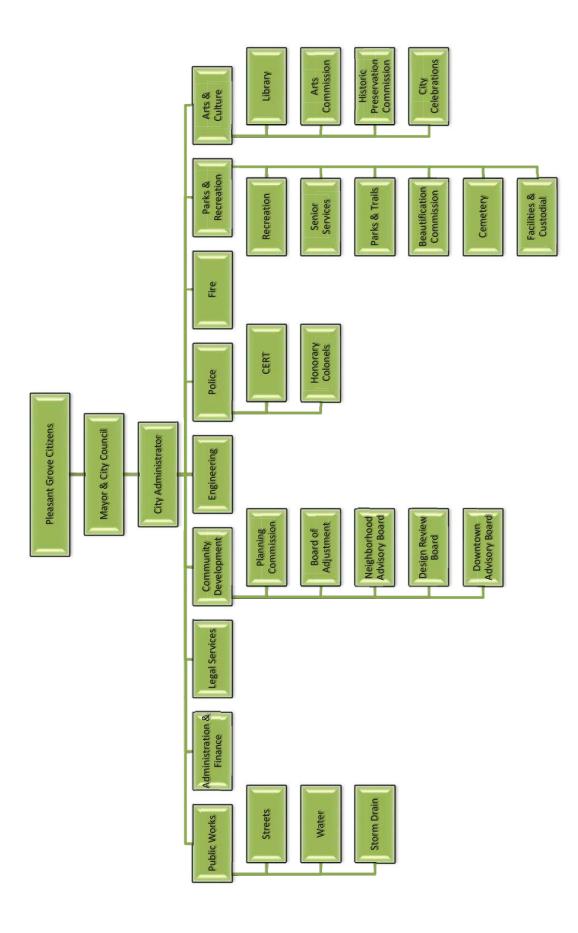
Pleasant Grove City Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

PLEASANT GROVE CITY ORGANIZATION CHART



ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Pleasant Grove City Mayor & Council



Dianna Andersen



Mayor Mike Daniels



Lynn Walker



Eric Jensen



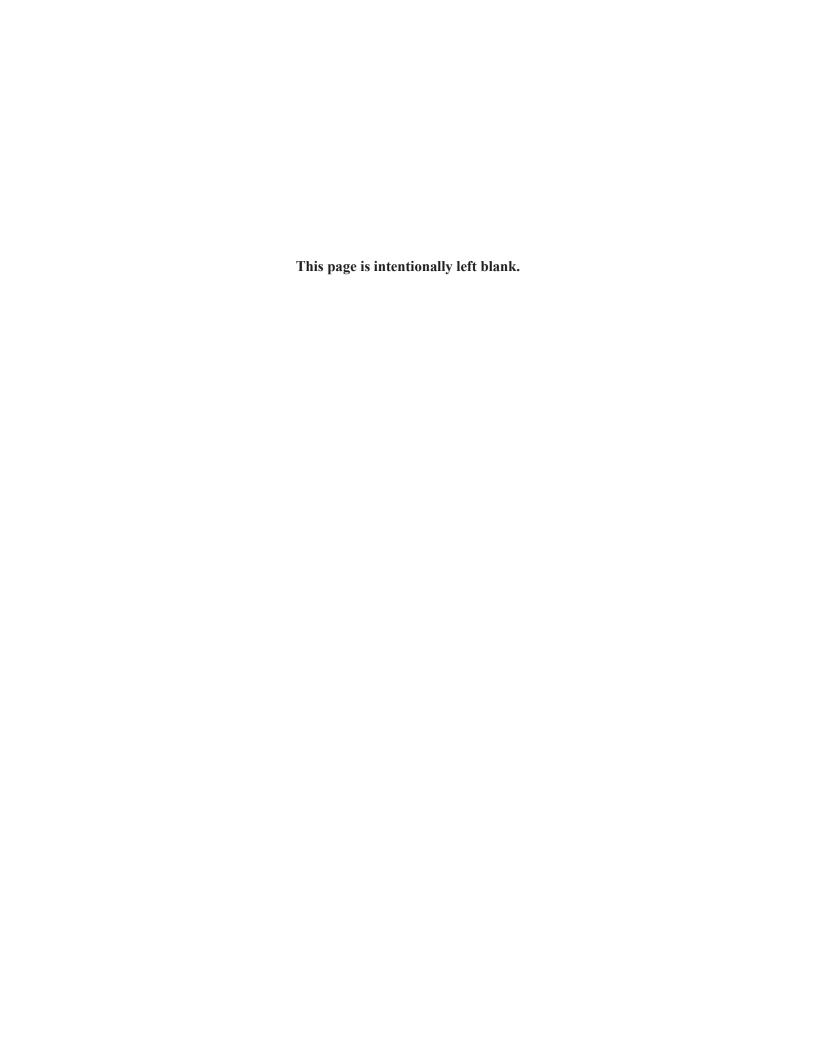
Cyd LeMone



Ben Stanley

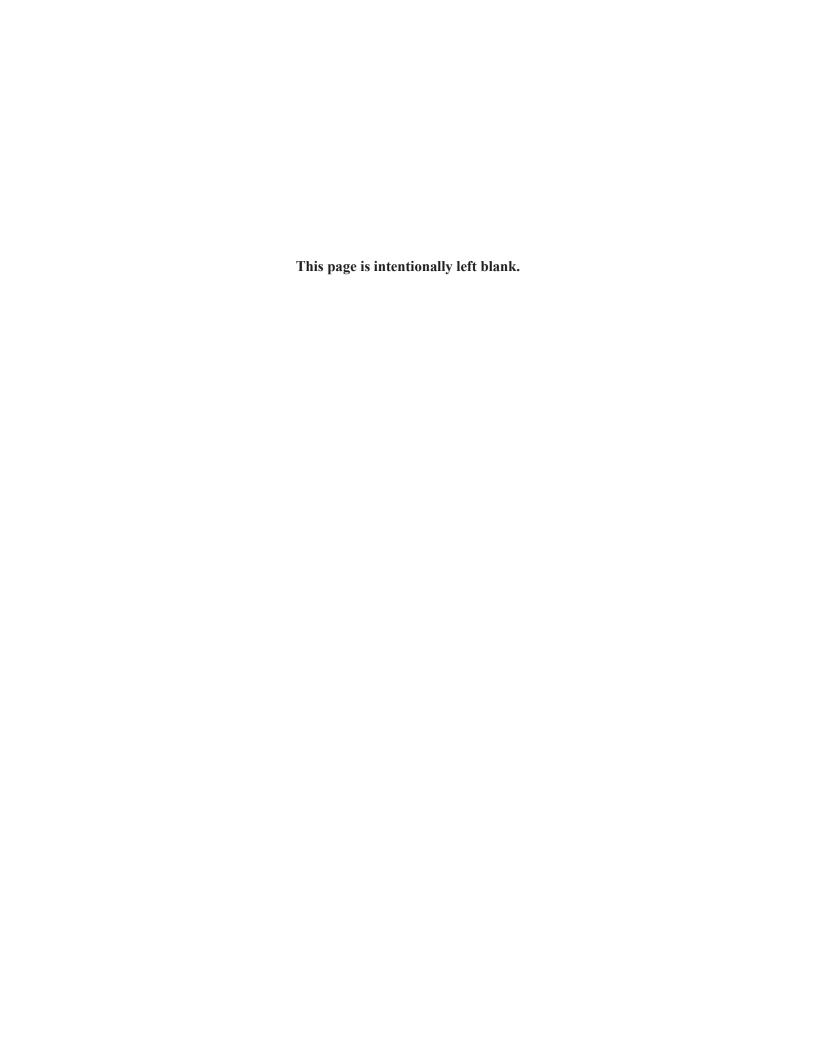
Pleasant Grove City Appointed Officials

City Administrator	J. Scott Darrington
City Treasurer	Karen Bezzant
Leisure Services Director	Deon Giles
Arts & Culture Director	Sheri Britsch
City Recorder	Kathy Kresser
Finance Director	Denise Roy
Police Chief	Michael Smith
City Attorney	Christine Peterson
Fire Chief	Dave Thomas
Public Works Director/City Engineer	Marty Beaumont
Community Development Director	Daniel Cardenas



FINANCIAL SECTION





Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose & Erickson

A Professional Corporation
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

559 West 500 South Bountiful, Utah 84010 801-296-0200 Fax 801-296-1218

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Pleasant Grove City

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pleasant Grove City (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pleasant Grove City as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and for the major special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

E. Lynn Hansen, CPA Clarke R. Bradshaw, CPA Gary E. Malmrose, CPA Edwin L. Erickson, CPA Michael L. Smith, CPA Jason L. Tanner, CPA Robert D. Wood, CPA Aaron R. Hixson, CPA Ted C. Gardiner, CPA

Jeffrey B. Miles, CPA Donald M. Jack, CPA

Members of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Members of the Private Company Practice Section

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 15-25 and pension schedules on pages 69-71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Janson, Braddow, Malnove & Ericks on, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 1, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Pleasant Grove City, we offer readers of Pleasant Grove City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Pleasant Grove City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total net position of Pleasant Grove City increased 5.8% to \$155,006,663. The most significant item was the issuance of a General Obligation Bond in the amount of \$9.5 million for the construction of the Public Safety facilities.
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$17,167,829. Of this amount \$2,909,689 (16.95%) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- Total governmental fund balance increased by \$8,984,833 during the year. The majority of the increase was generated by the receipt of bond proceeds from the Public Safety Bond issue. Property, sales and other taxes all increased from the prior year. The increased taxes will help pay for expenses related to growth and changes of the City. Expenditures also increased from the prior year in the Public Works Division related to street improvements.
- Utah law restricts an amount a municipality can maintain in its General Fund unrestricted (committed, assigned an unassigned) fund balance to 25% of the total revenue of the general fund for the fiscal year under audit. As of June 30, 2017 the City's unrestricted balance equals 17.35%.

REPORT OVERVIEW

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Pleasant Grove City's basic financial statements. Pleasant Grove City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Pleasant Grove City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Pleasant Grove City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve

as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Pleasant Grove City is improving or deteriorating. However, you will also need to consider other nonfinancial factors.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Pleasant Grove City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 28 & 29.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Pleasant Grove City also uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds – These funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps users determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.

The City maintains the following nine individual governmental funds:

- General
- Redevelopment Agency
- Capital Projects
- Dispatch
- Swimming Pool
- Community Center

- Cultural Arts
- Library
- Debt Service

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Redevelopment Agency, and Capital Projects funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is available elsewhere in this report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-35 of this report.

Proprietary funds —Pleasant Grove City maintains one type of proprietary fund, which is an enterprise fund. Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Pleasant Grove City uses enterprise funds to account for Water, Sewer, Storm Drain, and Sanitation. Water, Sewer, and Storm Drain are considered to be major funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-38 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 39 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the above mentioned statements and reports, this report also presents other supplementary information and a statistical section, which give additional and more detailed information to the reader. The supplemental section includes individual fund financial statements for the City's non-major funds as well as budget to actual statements for the City's other governmental funds. The statistical section gives various financial and demographic data of the City, including trend analysis for certain financial data. The supplementary section begins on page 73, and the statistical section begins on page 82. The final section includes reports from the City's external auditors related to the City's internal controls and compliance with State and federal laws and regulations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Pleasant Grove City, assets exceed liabilities by \$155,006,663.

By far the largest portion of the City of Pleasant Grove's net position (77.67%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure assets, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table summarizes the City's net position.

PLEASANT GROVE CITY NET POSITION

	Governmental		Busines	ss-Type			
	Activities		Acti	vities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017 2016		2017	2016	
Current and other assets	\$ 44,488,480	\$32,268,049	\$ 14,731,127	\$ 15,115,279	\$ 59,219,607	\$ 47,383,328	
Capital assets	87,791,367	85,697,136	89,794,695	86,074,267	177,586,062	171,771,403	
Total Assets	132,279,847	117,965,185	104,525,822	101,189,546	236,805,669	219,154,731	
Total Deferred Outflows							
of Resources	1,912,742	1,517,388	1,765,302	1,803,396	3,678,044	3,320,784	
Long-term debt outstanding	33,510,357	26,297,452	31,667,708	33,402,126	65,178,065	59,699,578	
Other liabilities	13,165,334	9,932,045	2,557,038	2,691,986	15,722,372	12,624,031	
Total Liabilities	46,675,691	36,229,497	34,224,746	36,094,112	80,900,437	72,323,609	
Total Deferred Inflows							
of Resources	4,427,948	3,542,364	148,665	128,544	4,576,613	3,670,908	
Net Investment							
in capital assets	62,431,792	51,329,612	57,963,948	51,387,117	120,395,740	102,716,729	
Restricted	13,958,539	5,053,020	5,966,074	5,537,895	19,924,613	10,590,915	
Unrestricted	6,698,619	23,328,080	7,987,691	9,845,274	14,686,310	33,173,354	
Total net position	\$ 83,088,950	\$79,710,712	\$ 71,917,713	\$ 66,770,286	\$155,006,663	\$146,480,998	

An additional portion of the City's net position (12.85%) represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$14,686,310 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of June 30, 2017, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for governmental and business-type activities separately.

Analysis of the City's Operations – The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2017.

PLEASANT GROVE CITY'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION

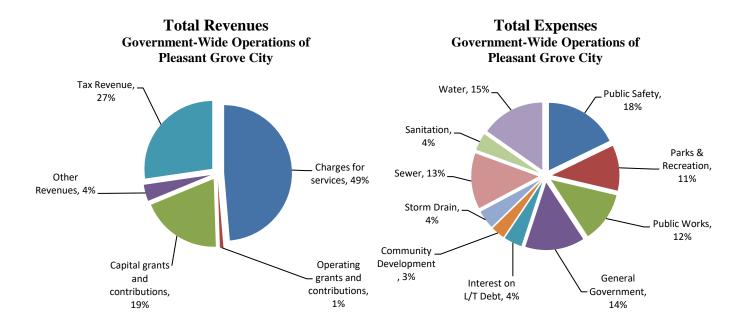
	Governmental		Busine	ess-type			
	Activities		Acti	vities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 5,806,423	\$ 5,620,058	\$ 14,796,272	\$ 14,472,229	\$ 20,602,695	\$ 20,092,287	
contributions	354,828	757,409	-	257,851	354,828	1,015,260	
Capital grants and							
contributions	5,508,280	7,042,598	2,661,268	1,905,338	8,169,548	8,947,936	
General Revenues:							
Taxes	11,563,479	10,620,212	-	-	11,563,479	10,620,212	
Other Revenues	1,429,617	1,345,726	226,999	134,031	1,656,616	1,479,757	
Total revenues	24,662,627	25,386,003	17,684,539	16,769,449	42,347,166	42,155,452	
Expenses							
General Government	4,827,678	4,545,840	-	-	4,827,678	4,545,840	
Community development	1,114,968	969,648	-	-	1,114,968	969,648	
Public Works	4,088,314	2,902,930	-	-	4,088,314	2,902,930	
Public Safety	6,022,624	6,159,340	-	-	6,022,624	6,159,340	
Parks & Recreation	3,675,865	4,051,756	-	-	3,675,865	4,051,756	
Interest on L/T Debt	1,479,940	1,285,881	-	-	1,479,940	1,285,881	
Water	-	-	5,154,463	5,249,807	5,154,463	5,249,807	
Storm Drain	-	-	1,516,622	1,552,610	1,516,622	1,552,610	
Sewer	-	-	4,531,371	4,502,289	4,531,371	4,502,289	
Sanitation	_	-	1,409,656	1,376,859	1,409,656	1,376,859	
Total Expenses	21,209,389	19,915,395	12,612,112	12,681,565	33,821,501	32,596,960	
Increase (decrease) in net position	ı						
before transfers	3,453,238	5,470,608	5,072,427	4,087,884	8,525,665	9,558,492	
Transfers	(75,000)	(75,000)	75,000	75,000	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in net						<u> </u>	
position	3,378,238	5,395,608	5,147,427	4,162,884	8,525,665	9,558,492	
Net position, beginning	79,710,712	74,315,104	66,770,286	62,607,402	146,480,998	136,922,506	
Net position, ending	\$ 83,088,950	\$ 79,710,712	\$ 71,917,713	\$ 66,770,286	\$155,006,663	\$146,480,998	

Net Position for governmental activities increased by \$3,378,238, which is a decrease of \$2,017,370 from the previous year. Business-type activities increased by \$5,147,427, which represents an increase of \$984,543 from the previous year. Factor contributing to an increase in Net Position in Governmental Funds include capital grants and contributions. Capital contributions consist of infrastructure built by developers and donated to the City as well as impact fee revenues. Tax revenue also increased from the prior year.

Taxes are the primary source of general revenue. Most of the City's operating grants are related to public safety grants, while capital grants consist primarily of donated infrastructure assets, impact fees and Class C road funds.

The following two graphs display Pleasant Grove's government-wide revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

.



Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

<u>Governmental Funds.</u> The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$17,167,829, \$2,909,689 of this total amount (16.95%) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

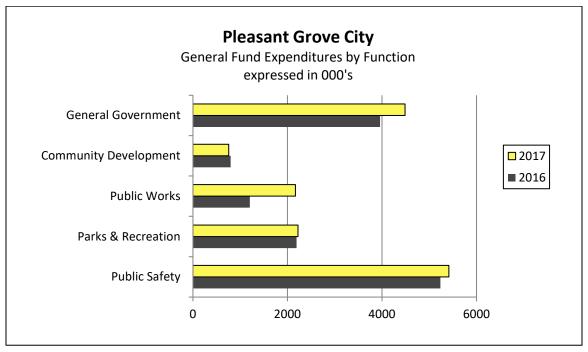
The remainder of fund balance is classified as one of the following: nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned. Nonspendable fund balance refers to resources that either cannot be spent because of their form or cannot be spent because they must remain intact. Restricted fund balance means that the resources have externally enforceable limitations on their use. Committed fund balance occurs when the City has placed self-imposed limitations on its use. Assigned fund balance comes from the establishment of an intended use for certain funds by the City.

General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund was \$2,909,689, while total fund balance reached \$4,447,258.

Taxes are the largest source of revenue in the General Fund, representing 56.54 of total General Fund revenues. The largest component is sales tax, which represents 45.64% of total tax revenue and 29.16% of total General Fund revenue. Overall, revenues increased by 5.13% and expenditures increased by 12.38 from 2016. The administrative chargeback was shown in the charge for services and an offset against expenditures as in past fiscal year.

The following chart compares general fund expenditures by function between 2016 and 2017.



Other Governmental Funds

The fund balance in the Redevelopment Agency fund increased by \$263,295 during the year to bring the fund to a positive balance of \$531,953. Revenues in the RDA fund increased from \$1,903,199 in 2016 to \$2,082,027 in 2017 this is due to receiving more property taxes for the redevelopment area.

\$1,179,108 was spent from the Capital Projects fund on projects in various departments during the year. Of the \$1,179,108, \$832,523 was capitalized and the remaining \$346,584 was expensed. This fund is used to collect funds for the construction of capital projects and to pay for debt associated with capital equipment. Revenue sources include impact fees of \$1,065,522. Impact fees are restricted to projects governed by the laws of the State of Utah, thus these balances are reserved.

<u>Enterprise Funds.</u> The City maintains enterprise funds to account for the business-type activities of the City. The information is found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Water Fund increased from \$36,580,180 to \$39,256,095. Sewer net position increased from \$18,605,863 to \$19,782,838. Storm Drain net position increased from \$11,454,713 to \$12,710,923. Sanitation net position increased from \$129,530 to \$167,857. Net position increases in 2017 were assisted mainly in continued growth of charges for services and developer contributions. Overall, in the enterprise funds, net position increased by \$5,147,427.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the General Fund's original budget was amended from an original budgeted expenditure total of \$15,179,126 to final budgeted expenditures of \$15,854,623. These increases can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Engineering increased by \$529,753 for Street light purchase from Rocky Mountain Power
- Police, Fire and Library had increases related to grants and reimbursements received in the total of \$\$104,377
- Community Development increased by \$29,000 to cover personnel expenditures

The largest increase in budgeted expenditures was related to engineering services, police, fire, library and community development. During the year, the City received certain state and federal grants. The City's guideline is to generally not budget grant revenue until the funds are received. The budget was increased to authorize the expenditure of these funds. The Facilities, Engineering and Animal Control lines show actuals greater than budget due to entries made during the audit process, but the overall actual to budgets is \$803,693.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Capital Assets.</u> The City of Pleasant Grove's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounts to \$177,586,062 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, construction in

progress, and water rights. The total increase in the City's capital assets (net of depreciation) was 3.39% (2.44 increase for governmental activities and a 4.32% increase for business-type activities).

Pleasant Grove City Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total			
	2017	2016	2017 2016		2017	2016		
Land	\$47,275,931	\$47,442,275	\$9,301,927	\$9,301,927	\$56,577,858	\$56,744,202		
Water Shares	-	-	1,981,938	1,981,938	1,981,938	1,981,938		
Buildings	7,459,124	7,805,676	-	-	7,459,124	7,805,676		
Equipment	2,080,374	2,455,333	795,063	736,844	2,875,437	3,192,177		
Infrastructure	30,848,803	27,911,114	74,587,978	73,172,496	105,436,781	101,083,610		
Const in Progress	127,135	82,738	3,127,789	881,062	3,254,924	963,800		
Total Capital Assets	\$87,791,367	\$85,697,136	\$89,794,695	\$86,074,267	\$177,586,062	\$171,771,403		

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Contributed infrastructure assets \$5,249,180
- Multiuse Trail System Completion \$233,997
- Street Improvements \$670,123
- Infrastructure improvements in excess of \$1.3 million in Water, Sewer and Storm Drain funds

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 52-53 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$62,939,000, \$49,954,000 is secured by specific revenue sources, while total general obligation bonds outstanding total \$12,985,000. The chart below displays transactions related to the City's bonds for the year.

Pleasant Grove City Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

		Govern	nmei	ntal		Busine	ess-ty	ype				
	activities		activities			Total						
		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
General obligation bonds	\$	12,985,000	\$	3,925,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,985,000	\$	3,925,000
Revenue bonds		17,958,500		19,594,000		31,995,500		33,500,000		49,954,000		53,094,000
Total bonded debt	\$	30,943,500	\$	25,241,000	\$	31,995,500	\$	33,500,000	\$	62,939,000	\$	57,019,000

- The City's total outstanding bond debt increased \$5,920,000 during the current fiscal year. A refunding was done on the General Obligation 2007 and new bond was issued for the new Public Safety facilities.
- Pleasant Grove maintains an "AA" rating for its sales tax bonds, a "AA-" rating for its general obligation bonds, an "A" rating for its water revenue bonds, and a "A+" rating for its excise tax bonds.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total assessed value. The current limitations for the City are \$116,647,000 which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allows for an additional 8% to be used for water, sewer, or other revenue bond projects thus resulting in a debt limit of 12% of total taxable value. Total limitation is \$349,942,000, which again significantly exceeds the level of outstanding debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 4 on pages 54-57 of this report.

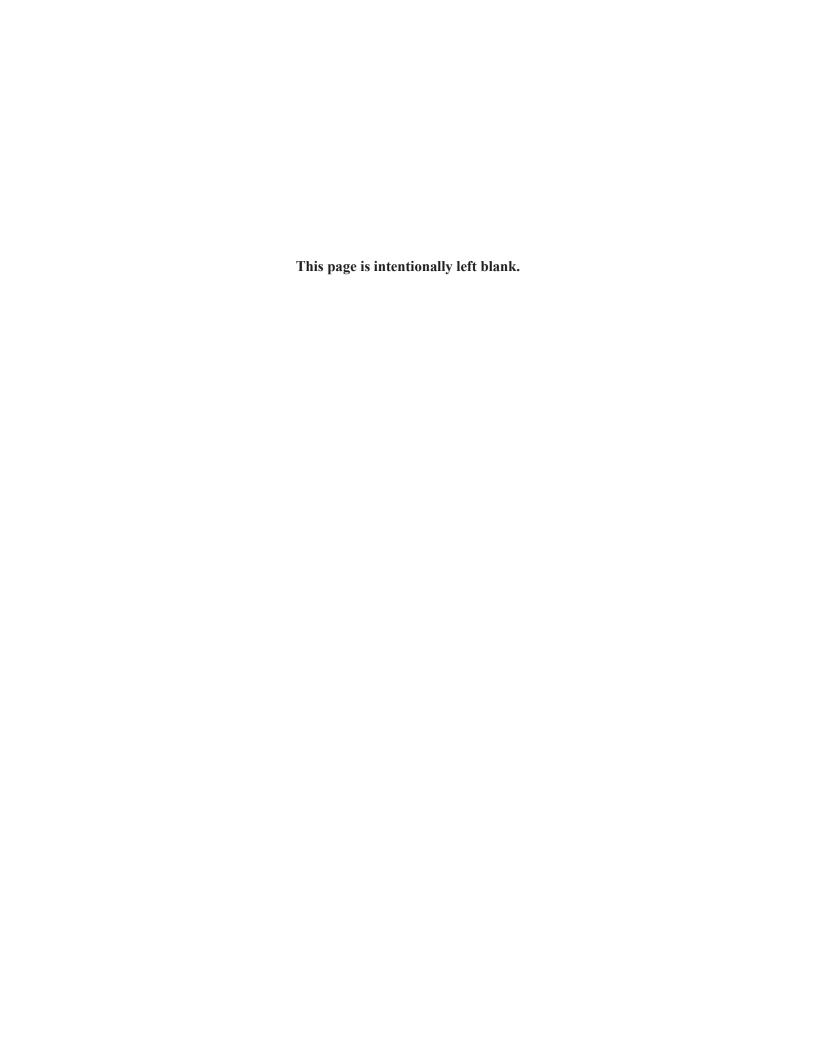
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The unemployment rate for Utah County (of which Pleasant Grove is the fifth largest city) was 3.4%. The state unemployment rate of 3.3%, while the national rate was 4.1%. The previous year's rates were 3.2%, 3.2%, and 4.9% respectively.
- The General Fund budgeted operating expenditures remain fairly consistent for the upcoming year. Fiscal year-ending June 30, 2018 original budget reflects a decrease of \$756,282 from the year ending, June 30, 2017. The amount budgeted for engineering in FY 2017 accounted for the large increase year over year. This included a 2% increase for all full time and part time employees, and medical insurance increases.
- The City analyzed utility rates each year to evaluate all areas related to the operation of its utility funds. These areas include operations, debt service coverage, cash reserves, and capital needs. Based on this analysis, rates are adjusted each July.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Pleasant Grove's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Pleasant Grove City, Finance Director, 70 South 100 East, Pleasant Grove, UT 84062.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



PLEASANT GROVE CITY Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments:			
Unrestricted	\$ 8,696,834	\$ 8,557,506	\$ 17,254,340
Restricted	14,896,815	3,490,789	18,387,604
Receivables:			
Accounts, net of allowance	2,791,818	1,658,192	4,450,010
Property tax	2,789,812	- 501.074	2,789,812
Internal balances	(521,074)	521,074	- 65 601
Inventory Prepaid expenses	300,741	65,691	65,691
Note receivable	15,514,000	89,345 348,530	390,086 15,862,530
Net pension asset	19,534	546,550	19,534
Capital assets not being depreciated:	17,551		17,331
Land and rights of way	47,275,931	9,301,927	56,577,858
Water stock	-	1,981,938	1,981,938
Construction in progress	127,135	3,127,789	3,254,924
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings and improvements	7,459,124	-	7,459,124
Infrastructure	30,848,803	74,587,978	105,436,781
Automobiles, Machinery, and Equipment	2,080,374	795,063	2,875,437
Total assets	132,279,847	104,525,822	236,805,669
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,855,994	336,799	2,192,793
Deferred loss on refunding	56,748	1,428,503	1,485,251
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,912,742	1,765,302	3,678,044
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	2,671,017	-	2,671,017
Accrued liabilites	257,651	72,625	330,276
Due to other governments	454,655	-	454,655
Accrued interest payable	130,055	258,449	388,504
Bonds payable	2,014,500	1,591,500	3,606,000
Other long-term liabilities	792,259	113,043	905,302
Noncurrent liabilites:			
Bonds payable	29,418,532	31,447,872	60,866,404
Other long-term liabilities	3,343,154	219,836	3,562,990
Deposits held	4,518,152	-	4,518,152
Net pension liability	3,075,716	521,421	3,597,137
Total liabilities	46,675,691	34,224,746	80,900,437
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Deferred revenue property taxes	3,884,502	-	3,884,502
Deferred inflows related to pensions	543,446	148,665	692,111
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,427,948	148,665	4,576,613
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	62,431,792	57,963,948	120,395,740
Restricted for:			
Roads	850,083	-	850,083
Impact fees	1,638,262	2,473,287	4,111,549
Library	64,148	-	64,148
Dispatch	95,897	-	95,897
Debt Service	183,066	3,492,787	3,675,853
Donations	387,885	-	387,885
Redevelopment	531,953	-	531,953
Capital projects	10,104,181	-	10,104,181
Parks and recreation	103,064	-	103,064
Unrestricted	6,698,619	7,987,691	14,686,310
Total net position	\$ 83,088,950	\$ 71,917,713	\$ 155,006,663

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Program Revenues and Changes in Net Position **Capital Grants Operating Grants and** Charges for and Governmental **Business-type Function/Programs Services** Contributions **Contributions Activities Activities** Total **Expenses Governmental activities** General government 4.840.822 \$ 3.325.538 \$ 9.065 \$ 1.281.002 \$ (225,217)(225,217)6.022.624 794,746 325,744 919.319 (3,982,815)(3,982,815)Public safety Community development (1,114,968)(1,114,968)1,114,968 Public works 3.161.756 (926,558)(926,558)4.088.314 (1,810,360)(1.810.360)Parks, recreation and public property 3,662,721 1,686,139 20,019 146,203 (1,479,940)(1,479,940)Interest on long-term debt 1,479,940 21,209,389 5,806,423 354,828 5.508,280 (9,539,858)(9,539,858)Total governmental activities **Business-type activities** \$ 6,676,530 2,608,279 Water 5,154,463 1,086,212 2,608,279 4,531,371 4,889,100 718,542 1,076,271 1,076,271 Sewer 1,516,622 1,782,659 856,514 1,122,551 1,122,551 Storm drain 38,327 38,327 Sanitation 1,409,656 1,447,983 12,612,112 14,796,272 2,661,268 4,845,428 4,845,428 **Total business-type activities General Revenues:** Taxes 4,078,736 4,078,736 Property taxes 5,425,453 5,425,453 Sales taxes 2,059,290 2,059,290 Telecommunications and franchise taxes 1,053,625 109,030 1,162,655 Interest income 375,992 95,710 471,702 Miscellaneous (75,000)75,000 Transfers 22,259 Gain on sale of assets 22,259 301,999 12,918,096 13,220,095 Total general revenue and transfers 3,378,238 5,147,427 8,525,665 Change in net position 146,480,998 Net position - beginning 79,710,712 66,770,286 83,088,950 71,917,713 155,006,663 Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenues

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

							Spe	ecial Revenue				
		General		Capital Projects		Debt Service	Redevelopment Agency			onmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	-	- Contrain	-	110,000		Ber vice		rigency		- unus	-	Tunus
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Unrestricted Restricted	\$	5,444,903 5,062,438	\$	2,442,850 9,416,675	\$	- 417,702	\$	537,085	\$	271,996 -	\$	8,696,834 14,896,815
Receivables, net: Accounts Property tax		1,697,128 2,789,812		-		925,022		169,668		-		2,791,818 2,789,812
Due from other funds Prepaid and other assets Note receivable		234,636 299,601		-		-		15,514,000		-		234,636 299,601 15,514,000
Total assets	•	15,528,518	\$	11,859,525	\$	1,342,724		16,220,753	\$	271.996	\$	45,223,516
	<u> </u>	13,328,318	<u> </u>	11,839,323	<u> </u>	1,342,724	<u> </u>	10,220,733	<u> </u>	2/1,990	<u>\$</u>	43,223,310
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits held and retainage payable Note payable Due to other funds	\$	2,548,803 248,764 4,518,152 521,074	\$	117,082 - - -	\$	- - - - 234,636	\$	5,132	\$	- 8,887 - -	\$	2,671,017 257,651 4,518,152 521,074 234,636
Due to other governments		454,655		-		-		-		-		454,655
Total liabilities		8,291,448		117,082		234,636		5,132		8,887		8,657,185
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - note receivable Deferred revenue - property taxes		- 2,789,812		-		- 925,022		15,514,000 169,668		- -		15,514,000 3,884,502
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,789,812		-		925,022		15,683,668		-		19,398,502
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		299,601		-		-		-		-		299,601
Restricted for: Donations Debt service Dispatch Library Impact fees Class C roads		387,885 - - - - 850,083		1,638,262		- 183,066 - - - -		- - - -		- 95,897 49,601 -		387,885 183,066 95,897 49,601 1,638,262 850,083
Total restricted		1,237,968		1,638,262		183,066		-		145,498		3,204,794
Assigned to: Capital projects Swimming pool Community center Cultural arts		- - -		10,104,181 - - -	· <u> </u>	- - -	-	531,953 - - -		90,949 12,115 14,547		10,636,134 90,949 12,115 14,547
Total assigned		-		10,104,181		-		531,953		117,611		10,753,745
Unassigned		2,909,689		_						-		2,909,689
Total fund balances		4,447,258		11,742,443		183,066		531,953		263,109		17,167,829
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	15,528,518	\$	11,859,525	\$	1,342,724	\$	16,220,753	\$	271,996	\$	45,223,516

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (page 28) are different because:

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (page 30)	\$ 17,167,829
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$121,260,632 less the accumulated depreciation of \$33,469,265.	87,791,367
Interest on general obligation and revenue bonds is not accrued in governmental funds but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.	(130,055)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(35,568,445)
Pension liabilities and assets are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(1,743,634)
Long-term receivables are not available in the current period and, therefore, are deferred in the funds balance sheet.	15,514,000
Other assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are either deferred or not applicable to funds.	57,888
Net Position - Governmental Activities (page 28)	\$ 83,088,950

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nonmajor Capital Debt Redevelopment Governmental Gov	Total ernmental Funds
General Projects Service Agency Funds	
REVENUES	
	11,563,479
Licenses and permits 638,609	638,609
Intergovernmental 1,391,999 20,019 223,812	1,635,830
Charges for services 3,281,233 1,520,846	4,802,079
Fines and forfeitures 365,735	365,735
Interest income 72,343 17,642 45,243 198 1,409	136,835
Impact fees - 1,065,522	1,065,522
Loan repayment income 1,556,790 -	1,556,790
Miscellaneous 309,259 66,733	375,992
Total revenues 16,775,035 1,103,183 367,826 2,082,027 1,812,800	22,140,871
EXPENDITURES	
General government 4,487,221 83,352	4,570,573
Public safety 5,414,669 188,645 598,841	6,202,155
Community development 757,717 260,292 -	1,018,009
Public works 2.167.812	2,167,812
Parks, recreation, and public property 2,223,511 74,588 - 1,795,015	4,093,114
Capital outlay and projects - 832,523	832,523
Debt service:	002,020
Principal - 1,211,838 1,160,500 640,000 -	3,012,338
Interest and other financial - 34.593 184.906 918.440 -	1,137,939
Bond issuance costs 170,239	170,239
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23,204,702
Energy (JoS signer) of various	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,063,831)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
	13,253,692
-,,	(3,783,221)
Proceeds from sale of assets 270,168 383,025	653,193
,	11,478,517
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,553,517
	10,048,664
Net change in fund balance (491,345) 9,095,671 68,772 263,295 48,440	8,984,833
Fund balances at beginning of year 4,938,603 2,646,772 114,294 268,658 214,669	8,182,996
	17,167,829

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 29) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 32)

\$ 8,984,833

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and do not report capital contributions, as they are not financial assets. However, in the statement of activities the cost of capital outlays is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, and capital contributions are reported as assets and revenue. This is the amount by which capital outlays and contributions exceeded depreciation in the current period.

2,686,679

Principal payments from recipients on certain notes are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds. However, these payments are recorded as a decrease in the notes receivable and an increase in interest income in the Statement of Net Position.

(640,000)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the payment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

(6,618,896)

Pension related expenses in the statement of activities do not use current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(441,930)

The effect of proceeds from the sale of assets is to decrease net position

(592,448)

Change in net position of governmental activities (page 29)

\$ 3,378,238

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

101 1110	Ded 4- d	,					
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with			
	Original Final		Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES	Original	Tiligi	Minounts	Thai Buuget			
Taxes:							
Property	\$ 3,365,005	\$ 3,365,005	\$ 3,231,114	\$ (133,891)			
Sales and use	4,890,788	4,890,788	5,425,453	534,665			
Other	2,213,338	2,213,338	2,059,290	(154,048)			
Licenses and permits	618,250	618,250	638,609	20,359			
Intergovernmental	1,113,346	1,160,527	1,391,999	231,472			
Charges for services	3,110,038	3,110,038	3,281,233	171,195			
Fines and forfeitures	507,000	507,000	365,735	(141,265)			
Interest income	10,000	10,000	72,343	62,343			
Miscellaneous	176,192	259,434	309,259	49,825			
Total revenues	16,003,957	16,134,380	16,775,035	640,655			
	10,000,000	10,13 1,300	10,773,033	0.10,022			
EXPENDITURES Garage Laboration							
General government:	214 600	214 600	207 100	7.402			
City council	214,600	214,600	207,108	7,492			
Courts Facilities	215,325	215,325	208,037	7,288			
	380,504	380,654	381,804	(1,150)			
Administrative	969,493	969,493	858,557	110,936			
Engineering	486,287	1,016,040	1,026,524	(10,484)			
City attorney	373,634	373,634	343,148	30,486			
Non-departmental	1,230,170	1,232,187	1,184,407	47,780			
Cemetery	106,140	106,140	94,604	11,536			
Custodial	203,368	203,568	183,032	20,536			
Public safety:	2.515.400	2 501 220	2.462.260	117.060			
Police and dispatch	3,515,488	3,581,328	3,463,360	117,968			
Fire	1,936,185	1,969,315	1,845,655	123,660			
Animal control	105,449	105,449	105,654	(205)			
Community development:	700 145	727 145	720 625	C 510			
Community development	708,145	737,145	730,635	6,510			
Economic development	64,864	64,864	27,082	37,782			
Public works: Streets	606.956	606.956	500 047	17 000			
	606,856	606,856	589,847	17,009			
Class C roads Parks and recreation:	1,824,787	1,824,787	1,577,965	246,822			
	629.250	612 657	627.012	5 711			
Library	638,250	643,657	637,913	5,744			
Other Total armonditumes	1,599,581 15,179,126	1,609,581	1,585,598	23,983			
Total expenditures	13,179,120	15,854,623	15,050,930	803,693			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	824,831	279,757	1,724,105	1,444,348			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	270,168	270,168			
Transfers in	358,480	358,480	· -	(358,480)			
Transfers out	(2,388,652)	(2,844,098)	(2,485,618)	358,480			
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,205,341)	\$ (2,205,861)	(491,345)	\$ 1,714,516			
Fund balance at beginning of year	. (, ,- : -)	. (, ==,==1)	4,938,603	. ,			
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 4,447,258				

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Redevelopment Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							
					Actual		iance with	
	(Original		Final	Amounts		Fin	al Budget
<u>REVENUES</u>								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	135,000	\$	135,000	\$	525,039	\$	390,039
Loan repayment income		1,556,788		1,556,788		1,556,790		2
Interest income						198		198
Total revenues		1,691,788		1,691,788		2,082,027		390,239
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Community development		265,000		265,000		260,292		4,708
Debt service								
Principal		605,000		605,000		640,000		(35,000)
Interest and other financial		953,789		953,789		918,440		35,349
Total expenditures		1,823,789		1,823,789		1,818,732		5,057
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(132,001)		(132,001)		263,295		395,296
		_				_		
Net change in fund balance	\$	(132,001)	\$	(132,001)		263,295	\$	395,296
Fund balance at beginning of year						268,658		
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	531,953		

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Business-type	Activities - Ent	erprise Funds	l
	Water	Sewer	Storm Drain	Sanitation	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments					
Unrestricted	\$ 5,144,376	\$ 2,738,095	\$ 613,696	\$ 61,339	\$ 8,557,506
Restricted	672,163	-	2,818,626	-	3,490,789
Receivables, net:					
Accounts	603,838	647,630	237,091	169,633	1,658,192
Inventory (supplies)	65,691	-	-	-	65,691
Total current assets	6,486,068	3,385,725	3,669,413	230,972	13,772,178
Noncurrent assets:					
Prepaid bond insurance	17,017	-	72,328	-	89,345
Note receivable	-	521,074	348,530	-	869,604
Net pension asset	-	-	-	-	-
Capital assets:	1 5 4 1 5 5	27.000	5.515.550		0.201.027
Land and rights of way	1,761,157	25,000	7,515,770	-	9,301,927
Water shares	1,981,938	-	-	-	1,981,938
Construction in progress	1,784,119 65,291,528	903,390 20,254,093	440,280	-	3,127,789
Infrastructure	706,168	20,254,093	14,898,337 692,212	-	100,443,958
Automobiles, machinery and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	(18,640,305)	(5,053,735)		-	1,634,829 (26,695,746)
Total noncurrent assets	52,901,622	16,886,271	20,965,751	<u> </u>	90,753,644
			24.635.164		
Total assets	59,387,690	20,271,996	24,033,104	230,972	104,525,822
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4 442 000	. = .			
Deferred loss on refundings	1,413,909	9,729	4,865	-	1,428,503
Deferred outflows related to pensions	144,278	124,811	67,710		336,799
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,558,187	134,540	72,575	-	1,765,302
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current liabilities:					
Accrued liabilities	\$ 4,170	\$ 3,144	\$ 2,196	\$ 63,115	
Accrued interest payable	69,093	739	188,617	-	258,449
Bonds payable	1,140,000	51,000	400,500	-	1,591,500
Other long-term liabilities	24,530	27,283	61,230		113,043
Total current liabilities	1,237,793	82,166	652,543	63,115	2,035,617
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Bonds payable	20,132,659	284,691	11,030,522	-	31,447,872
Other long-term liabilities	30,353	12,098	177,385	-	219,836
Net pension liability	224,970	189,024	107,427	-	521,421
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,387,982	485,813	11,315,334	-	32,189,129
Total liabilities	21,625,775	567,979	11,967,877	63,115	34,224,746
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions	64,007	55,719	28,939	-	148,665
Total deferred inflows of resources	64,007	55,719	28,939	-	148,665
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	33,015,776	16,039,235	8,908,937	-	57,963,948
Unrestricted	6,240,319	3,743,603	3,801,986	167,857	13,953,765
Total net position	\$ 39,256,095	\$ 19,782,838	\$ 12,710,923	\$ 167,857	\$ 71,917,713

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			,					
	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water		Sewer	S	torm Drain	Sanitation		Total
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services \$	6,676,530	\$	4,889,100	\$	1,782,659	\$1,447,983	\$	14,796,272
Miscellaneous	26,770		66,710		2,230	-		95,710
Total operating revenues	6,703,300		4,955,810		1,784,889	1,447,983		14,891,982
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Wages and benefits	530,195		427,897		283,708	578		1,242,378
Cost of services and supplies	1,494,070		2,956,169		197,463	1,409,078		6,056,780
Administration	819,699		768,793		247,898	-		1,836,390
Depreciation	1,462,671		377,578		382,082	-		2,222,331
Total operating expenses	4,306,635		4,530,437		1,111,151	1,409,656		11,357,879
Operating income (loss)	2,396,665		425,373		673,738	38,327		3,534,103
NONOPERATING								
REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Impact fees	264,283		119,943		189,619	-		573,845
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	6,578		(3,489)		19,170	-		22,259
Interest income	34,288		37,483		37,259	-		109,030
Interest and other financial	(847,828)		(934)		(405,471)	-		(1,254,233)
Total nonoperating revenues								
(expenses)	(542,679)		153,003		(159,423)	-		(549,099)
Income before contributions and transfers	1,853,986		578,376		514,315	38,327		2,985,004
Developer contributions	821,929		598,599		666,895	-		2,087,423
Transfers in	<u>-</u>		-		75,000	-		75,000
Change in net position	2,675,915		1,176,975		1,256,210	38,327		5,147,427
Total net position - beginning	36,580,180		18,605,863		11,454,713	129,530		66,770,286
Total net position - ending \$	39,256,095	\$	19,782,838	\$	12,710,923	\$ 167,857	\$	71,917,713

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
		Water		Sewer	St	orm Drain	5	Sanitation	Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts from customers and users	\$	6,783,596	\$	4,843,193	\$	1,759,350	\$	1,436,303	\$ 14,822,442		
Payments to suppliers		(1,525,506)		(2,958,930)		(197,463)		(1,409,078)	(6,090,977)		
Interfund services		(819,699)		(768,793)		(247,898)		-	(1,836,390)		
Payments to employees		(619,819)		(512,960)		(322,820)		(578)	(1,456,177)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,818,572		602,510		991,169		26,647	5,438,898		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Transfers from/(to) other funds		_		_		75,000		-	75,000		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		-		-		75,000		-	75,000		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Impact fees		264,283		119,943		189,619		-	573,845		
Purchase of capital assets		(2,225,086)		(964,230)		(685,330)		_	(3,874,646)		
Proceeds from disposal of assets		10,069		_		31,500		-	41,569		
Cash paid to establish note receivable		-		(521,074)		-		_	(521,074)		
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,060,122)		(49,800)		(444,069)		-	(1,553,991)		
Interest and fees paid on capital debt		(671,665)		(89)		(413,700)		-	(1,085,454)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(3,682,521)		(1,415,250)		(1,321,980)		-	(6,419,751)		
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Interest income		34,288		37,483		37,259		-	109,030		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		170,339		(775,257)		(218,552)		26,647	(796,823)		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		5,646,200		3,513,352		3,650,874		34,692	12,845,118		
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	5,816,539	\$	2,738,095	\$	3,432,322	\$	61,339	\$ 12,048,295		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided											
by operating activities:											
Operating income	\$	2,396,665	\$	425,373	\$	673,738	\$	38,327	\$ 3,534,103		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash											
provided by operating activities:											
Depreciation expense		1,462,671		377,578		382,082		-	2,222,331		
(Increase) decrease in receivables		104,951		(112,617)		(23,706)		(11,680)	(43,052)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(28,708)		(2,761)		(1,833)		-	(33,302)		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences and pensions		(89,624)		(85,063)		(39,112)		-	(213,799)		
Total Adjustments		1,421,907		177,137		317,431		(11,680)	1,904,795		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,818,572	\$	602,510	\$	991,169	\$	26,647	\$ 5,438,898		
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		·		•		•					
Contributions of capital assets from developers	\$	821,929	\$	598,599	\$	666,895	\$	-	\$ 2,087,423		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The basic financial statements of Pleasant Grove City ("the City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles.

Pleasant Grove City was incorporated in 1850. The City operates under a Mayor / Council form of government. As required by U.S. GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable for an organization if that organization is fiscally dependent (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). The component unit discussed below is included as part of the City's reporting entity as a blended component unit.

Component Unit

The Pleasant Grove City Redevelopment Agency (RDA) was established to prepare and carry out plans to improve, rehabilitate and redevelop blighted areas within the City. The RDA is governed by a board of trustees composed of the City Mayor and members of the City Council. Although it is a legally separate entity from the City, the RDA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the City's ability to impose its will upon the operations of the RDA. The RDA is included in these financial statements as the Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those which are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the City are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt-service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Governmental funds do not report donated capital assets received unless the sale of those assets is imminent. The assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Sales taxes, use taxes, franchise taxes, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are measurable as of the date levied (assessed) and are recognized as revenues when they become available. Available means when due, or past due, and received within the current period or collected soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Construction Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of the major capital facilities of the government (other than those financed by enterprise funds).

The *Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the revitalization of the City and furthering public purposes in the community.

Debt Service Fund accounts for accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation debt.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water Fund* accounts for the activities of the City's water operations, both culinary and secondary water systems.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewer operations.

The Storm Drain Fund accounts for the activities of the City's storm drain operations.

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sanitation operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds types:

Special Revenue Funds account for resources legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes and for the enforcement of special services and activities.

Dispatch Fund receives taxes charged to telephone lines and accounts for activities of the emergency 911 services.

Swimming Pool Fund receives admission fees and accounts for activities of the Cityowned community swimming pool.

Community Center Fund receives admission fees to the City-owned recreation facility as well as participation fees for the specific programs and accounts for the activities of the recreation facility and related programs.

Cultural Arts Fund receives tuition paid by students and admission fees for community theatre programs and accounts for activities of these programs.

Library Fund receives federal and state grants and fees from library services and accounts for activities of the City-owned library.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments to the General Fund by various enterprise finds for the providing of administrative and billing services for such funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity

Cash, Deposits and Investments

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and deposits in other types of accounts or cash management pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts. City policy allows for the investment of funds in time certificates of deposit with federally insured depositories, investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and other investments allowed by the State of Utah's Money Management Act. Investments are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Fund operates in accordance with state laws and regulations. The reported value of the Fund is the same as the fair value of the Fund shares.

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased meet this definition.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to or due from other funds".

Other receivables at June 30, 2017, consist of property tax, franchise tax, sales tax, grants, fines, and accounts (billings for user charged services, including unbilled utility services). Taxes, grants and fines are deemed collectible in full. The allowance for doubtful proprietary account receivables at June 30, 2017 is \$10,872.

Inventory

Inventory represents mainly supplies and parts used for various water fund projects, and is valued using the fist-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity (Continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items, using the consumption method, in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25 to 50 years
Infrastructure	20 to 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 to 25 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 20 years

Compensated Absences

City employees accrue vacation, comp time, and sick leave throughout the year. Unpaid vacation over 120 hours expires at the end of the calendar year. Vacation time and comp time are accrued in full as they are incurred. Up to 960 hours of unused sick leave is converted to compensated absences at a rate of 25 percent at separation. The liability for such leave is reported as Incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Compensated absences liabilities are typically liquidated in the general and special revenue funds.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity (Continued)

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources (Continued)

This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums, and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the applicable debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

Governmental fund balance is reported in five separate categories: Nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance first. When expenditures qualify for more than one unrestricted fund balance classification, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order: Committed, assigned, and then unassigned. Amounts that may be used for any governmental purpose are classified as unassigned fund balance. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance.

Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because it is not in spendable form. An example of nonspendable fund balance is inventory. Restricted fund balance has restrictions imposed by parties outside of the primary government. Committed fund balance represents funds restricted for a specific use by resolution of the Pleasant Grove City Council. Assigned fund balance is earmarked for certain purposes without formal resolution of the City Council. Finally, any remaining fund balance is unassigned and available for unrestricted use. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of cash restricted for future payments of principal and interest on debt service as well as unexpended portions of bonds issued for capital construction purposes. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

Capital related items:

When capital assets (property, plant and equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 121,260,632
Accumulated depreciation	(33,469,265)
Total difference	\$ 87,791,367

Long-term debt transactions:

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the fund financials. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at June 30, 2017 were:

General obligation	\$ 12,985,000
Excise tax revenue	530,000
Tax increment revenue (Redevelopment Agency)	15,514,000
Sales tax revenue	1,914,500
Unamortized bond issuance premiums	489,532
Other long-term liabilities	 4,135,413
Total difference	\$ 35,568,445

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The first element of this reconciliation states that capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures while the government-wide statement of activities allocates these costs over the useful lives of the assets as depreciation. While shown in the reconciliation as the net difference, the elements of this difference are as follow:

Capital outlay	\$ 5,567,523
Depreciation expense	(2,880,844)
Net difference, as reported	\$ 2,686,679

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted in accordance with the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act adopted by the State of Utah. Once a budget has been adopted, it remains in effect until it has been formally revised. Furthermore, in accordance with state law, all appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year. If any obligations are contracted for and are in excess of adopted budget, they are not a valid or enforceable claim against the City. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All funds of the City have legally adopted budgets.

The City adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the city council in May, the city administrator, authorized under state statute to be appointed budget officer, submits a proposed operation budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A public hearing is held, at which time the taxpayers' comments are heard. Notice of the
 hearing is given in the local newspaper at least seven days prior to the hearing. Copies
 of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection ten days prior to the public
 hearing.
- On or before June 22, a final balanced budget must be adopted through passage of a resolution for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1.
- Control of budgeted expenditures is exercised, under state law, at the departmental level.

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

- The city administrator, however, acting as budget officer, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between line items within any department of any budgetary fund. The city council, by resolution, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between the individual departments of any budgetary fund.
- Budget appropriations for any department may be reduced by resolution.
- A public hearing as required above, must be held to increase the total appropriations of any
 one governmental fund type; however, after the original public hearing, operating and capital
 budgets of proprietary fund types may be increased by resolution without an additional
 hearing.
- Encumbrances lapse at year end. Therefore, no encumbrances are presented in the financial statements.

During the budget year, the City modified the budget using the above procedures.

Tax Revenues

Property taxes are collected by the Utah County Treasurer and remitted to the City in five to six installments in November, December, and January of each fiscal year and a final settlement by March 31st. Taxes are levied and are due and payable on November 1st and delinquent after November 30th of each year at which time they become liens if not paid. An accrual of delinquent current and prior year's property taxes beyond that which was received within 60 days after fiscal year end has not been made, as the amounts are not deemed to be material. An accrual for current year property taxes estimated to be collected the following November and December is made each year.

Sales taxes are collected by the Utah State Tax Commission and remitted to the City monthly. An accrual has been made for all taxes received by the State for the period ended June 30th and thus due and payable to the City.

Franchise taxes are charged to various utility companies doing business with the City including telephone, cable television, gas utility, and electric utility companies. The fees are remitted on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual, or annual basis. An accrual has been made for fees due and payable to the City at June 30th.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS</u>

Cash and Investments

Deposits and investments for the City are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated, Title 51, Chapter 7, "the Act") and by rules of the Utah Money Management Council ("the Council"). Following are discussions of the City's exposure to various risks related to its cash management activities.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The City's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of the City to be in a qualified depository, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Council. At times during the year, the City's bank balances may have exceeded the insured levels under FDIC guidelines.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act.

The City has investments managed by Moreton Asset Management, LLC. Moreton Asset Management, LLC, an investment advisor approved by the Utah State Treasurer, invests City money in compliance with the Utah Money Management Act.

The City has investments held by a trustee in a Money Market Mutual Fund (MMMF). The mutual fund invests exclusively in the United States government securities. The City also has investments in an overnight international sweep account.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Inv	vestment Maturities (in years)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10			
Utah Public Treasurer's								
Investment Fund (PTIF)	\$ 27,564,052	\$ 27,564,052	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
U.S. Bank:								
First American Government								
Money Market Fund	597,975	597,975		-	-			
Money Market Fund	1,630,090	1,630,090			-			
	\$ 29,792,117	\$ 29,792,117	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Credit Risk (Continued)

At June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments and quality ratings:

		Quality Rating									
Investment Type	Fair Value	AA+	A		A-		Unrated				
Utah Public Treasurer's							-				
Investment Fund (PTIF)	\$ 27,564,052	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 27,564,052				
U.S. Bank:											
First American Government											
Money Market Fund	597,975	597,975									
Money Market Fund	1,630,090	1,630,090		-		-					
	\$ 29,792,117	\$ 2,228,065	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 27,564,052				

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair value by investing mainly in the PTIF and by adhering to the Money Management Act. The Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

The deposits and investments described above are included on the government-wide statement of net position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,254,340
Restricted cash	18,387,604
	\$ 35,641,944

Public Treasurers Investment Fund (PTIF) - External Investment Pool

The City invests in the external investment pool which is administered by the Treasurer of the State of Utah. State agencies, municipalities, counties, and local governments within the state are allowed to invest in the PTIF. There is no required participation and no minimum balance or minimum/maximum transaction requirements.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized, which are high-grade securities, and therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances.

Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

4. DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Public Treasurers Investment Fund (PTIF) – External Investment Pool (Continued)

The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis.

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had \$27,564,052 invested in the PTIF. Due to the insignificance of the amount of unrealized gains and losses in relation to the funds affected by these changes, the fair value of investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment.

Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2017 for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds, in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Governmental Funds

	General	RDA	Debt Service	Total	
Receivables: Taxes Accounts and other	\$ 2,789,812 1,697,128	\$ - 169,668	\$ - 925,022	\$ 2,789,812 2,791,818	
Gross receivables Less: allowance for uncollectibles	4,486,940	169,668	925,022	5,581,630	
Net total receivables	\$ 4,486,940	\$ 169,668	\$ 925,022	\$ 5,581,630	

Business-type Funds

	 Water	Sewer	Ste	orm Drain	S	anitation	Total
Receivables: Accounts	\$ 610,647	\$ 649,301	\$	238,189	\$	170,927	\$ 1,669,064
Gross receivables Less: allowance for	610,647	649,301		238,189		170,927	1,669,064
uncollectibles	 (6,809)	(1,671)		(1,098)		(1,294)	(10,872)
Net total receivables	\$ 603,838	\$ 647,630	\$	237,091	\$	169,633	\$ 1,658,192

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the government funds were as follows:

	De	eferred	Unavailable		
Note receivable (Governmental Funds) Property taxes receivable (Governmental Funds)	\$	- 3,884,502	\$	15,514,000	
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	3,884,502	\$	15,514,000	

Notes Receivable

The City has entered into two notes receivable. The first agreement is with a third party developer. The original amount of \$18,110,000 as part of *The Gateway CDA Project Area #1 (the Project)*, created in August 2006 with the intent of incentivizing the development of a convention center and full-service hotel, along with a limited-service hotel, two first class restaurants. The amount is an offset of the RDA Bonds, Series 2006 (refunded by the RDA Bonds, Series 2011) that were used to purchase approximately 37 acres of land for the Project. The City subsequently deeded over the land to the developer. Due to past economic conditions that caused delays to the Project, the agreement has been amended five separate times.

The current agreement calls for the developer to pay certain monies to the City as consideration for the performance extensions of the contract, to be used for annual debt service payments on the RDA Bonds. Each fiscal year, the developer remits the annual debt service payment due on the bonds. The RDA is eligible to receive these contributions until such time as the developer has constructed the Project or January 1, 2018. Upon construction, these contributions will cease and the RDA will use incremental property tax, sales tax, and transient room tax to make the annual debt service payments. If construction has not been completed by January 2018, the developer is considered to be in default, and at the City's discretion, the land may be (1) re-conveyed to the City or (2) purchased for the principal outstanding on the RDA Bonds, Series 2011 plus any payments the RDA has made towards the bonds, including interest and fees. As of June 30, 2017, the note receivable balance was \$15,514,000. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the developer contributed \$1,556,790.

The second agreement is with North Utah County Water Conservancy District (NUCWCD). The original amount of \$497,900 is to reimburse the City for improvements made to the Grove Creek and Battle Creek basins. The funds were paid out of the Storm Drain fund. The terms are ten payments of \$49,790 annually for 10 years at 0% interest, beginning January 2013. During 2016, the original terms were modified to defer the 2016 and 2017 payments from NUCWCD, extending the final payment to January 2025. Therefore, as of June 30, 2017, the entire outstanding balance of \$348,530 is considered noncurrent.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	 07/01/16	Increases	 Decreases	06/30/17
Governmental activities Capital assets, not depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 47,442,275 82,738	\$ 279,350 127,135	\$ (445,694) (82,738)	\$ 47,275,931 127,135
Total capital assets, not depreciated	 47,525,013	 406,485	 (528,432)	 47,403,066
Capital assets, depreciated: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Automobiles, machinery and equipment	13,579,644 48,733,748 6,993,012	19,977 4,961,383 262,416	(53,360) - (639,254)	13,546,261 53,695,131 6,616,174
Total capital assets, depreciated	 69,306,404	 5,243,776	 (692,614)	 73,857,566
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Infrastructure Automobiles, machinery and equipment	(5,773,968) (20,822,634) (4,537,679)	(366,529) (2,023,694) (490,621)	53,360 - 492,500	(6,087,137) (22,846,328) (4,535,800)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (31,134,281)	 (2,880,844)	 545,860	 (33,469,265)
Total capital assets, depreciated (net)	 38,172,123	2,362,932	(146,754)	 40,388,301
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 85,697,136	\$ 2,769,417	\$ (675,186)	\$ 87,791,367
Business-type activities Capital assets, not depreciated: Land and rights of way Water shares Construction in progress	\$ 9,301,927 1,981,938 881,062	\$ - - 3,116,217	\$ - - (869,490)	\$ 9,301,927 1,981,938 3,127,789
Total capital assets, not depreciated	 12,164,927	3,116,217	(869,490)	 14,411,654
Capital assets, depreciated: Infrastructure Automobiles, machinery and equipment	97,001,416 1,455,012	3,442,542 272,799	(92,982)	100,443,958 1,634,829
Total capital assets, depreciated	 98,456,428	 3,715,341	 (92,982)	 102,078,787
Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Automobiles, machinery and equipment	(23,686,432) (860,656)	(2,169,548) (52,783)	 73,673	(25,855,980) (839,766)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (24,547,088)	 (2,222,331)	 73,673	 (26,695,746)
Total capital assets, depreciated (net)	 73,909,340	 1,493,010	 (19,309)	 75,383,041
Net business-type capital assets	\$ 86,074,267	\$ 4,609,227	\$ (888,799)	\$ 89,794,695

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

In the government-wide financial statements depreciation was charged as follows by program or activity:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 268,508
Public safety	92,768
Highways and public improvements	2,430,947
Parks, recreation, and public property	 88,621
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,880,844
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 1,462,671
Sewer	377,578
Storm drain	 382,082
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,222,331

Related Organizations and Interlocal Agreements

The City has activities with two related organizations, the Metropolitan Water District of Pleasant Grove and the Pleasant Grove Chamber of Commerce. City officials appoint members of these boards and provides certain funding annually, but the City's accountability does not extend beyond these two actions. During the year ended June 30, 2017, \$312,000 and \$20,000 respectively, was contributed to these organizations.

The City is a one-third owner of Fox Hollow Golf Course, along with American Fork City and Lehi City. The three cities formed a separate legal entity known as the Tri-City Golf Course Interlocal Agency to cooperatively own, operate, and maintain the golf course. During 2008, the Agency issued bonds of \$4,880,000. The City is guarantor for one-third of this debt. The City's tax revenues are collateral. During 2017, the City subsidized Fox Hollow to help with both debt service and operations in the amount of \$240,000.

Interfund Receivable, Payables and Transfers

At June 30, 2017, interfund balances of \$234,636 remained between the General Fund and Debt Service Fund. Transfers were made which will not be repaid. Such amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Fund Transferring Out	Fund Receiving Transfer	 Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 674,496
General fund	Capital projects fund	967,103
General fund	Debt service fund	769,019
General fund	Storm drain fund	75,000
Debt service fund	Capital projects fund	9,022,899
Nonmajor governmental funds	Capital projects fund	 45,000
		\$ 11,553,517

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and are pledged by the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Bond Description	Oı	riginal Issue	Annual Principal	Interest Rate	Final Due Date	Amou 6/30/	
			\$115,000 to	4.00% to			
General Obligation, Series 2007	\$	5,000,000	\$350,000	4.25%	10/1/17	\$ 17	5,000
			\$35,000 to				
General Obligation, Series 2016		3,750,000	\$324,000	2.21%	10/1/31	3,75	0,000
			\$300,000 to				
General Obligation, Series 2017		9,060,000	\$605,000	2.00%	4/1/37	9,06	0,000
	\$	17,810,000				\$ 12,98	5,000

General obligation bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Principal	Interest	Totals
\$ 510,000	\$ 486,996	\$ 996,996
559,000	363,299	922,299
571,000	351,593	922,593
584,000	339,620	923,620
601,000	327,382	928,382
3,347,000	1,322,957	4,669,957
3,968,000	773,259	4,741,259
2,845,000	92,463	2,937,463
\$ 12,985,000	\$ 4,057,568	\$ 17,042,568
	\$ 510,000 559,000 571,000 584,000 601,000 3,347,000 3,968,000 2,845,000	\$ 510,000 \$ 486,996 559,000 363,299 571,000 351,593 584,000 339,620 601,000 327,382 3,347,000 1,322,957 3,968,000 773,259 2,845,000 92,463

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Revenue Bonds

The City has issued bonds where the revenues and assets of the issuing fund are pledged as security for the bonds.

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2017 by issue are as follows:

Bond Description	Bond Description Original Issue		Interest Rate	Final Due Date	Amount at 6/30/17	
Tax Revenue Bonds						
		\$80,000 to	4.00% to			
Excise Tax, Series 2009	\$ 4,390,00	0 \$705,000	5.00%	1/15/18	\$ 530,000	
		\$511,000 to				
Tax Increment, Series 2011	18,383,00	0 \$12,560,000	5.79%	12/1/21	15,514,000	
Sales Tax, Series 2012:						
		\$15,000 to	2.00% to			
Governmental funds portion (70%)	3,073,00		3.00%	12/1/22	1,914,500	
•		\$35,000 to	2.00% to			
Enterprise funds portion (30%)	1,317,00		3.00%	12/1/22	820,500	
Water Revenue Bonds						
		\$7,000 to				
Series 2002A	150,00	0 \$18,000	0.00%	12/1/18	27,000	
		\$64,000 to				
Series 2004	1,520,00	0 \$75,000	1.70%	12/1/25	747,000	
		\$15,000 to				
Series 2006	350,00	0 \$21,000	1.70%	12/1/26	173,000	
		\$225,000 to	4.00% to			
Series 2008	10,725,00	0 \$2,710,000	5.25%	12/1/33	675,000	
		\$38,000 to				
Series 2010 (BAB)	1,000,00	0 \$64,000	2.71%	12/1/31	798,000	
		\$160,000 to	2.00% to			
Series 2015	8,995,00	0 \$705,000	4.00%	12/1/31	8,735,000	
		\$80,000 to				
Series 2016	8,945,00	0 \$690,000	2.70%	12/1/33	8,865,000	
Storm Water Revenue Bonds						
		\$185,000 to	2.00% to			
Series 2011	7,050,00	0 \$440,000	4.00%	7/15/36	6,080,000	
		\$125,000 to	2.00% to			
Series 2013	5,500,00	9320,000	4.00%	7/15/38	5,075,000	
	\$ 71,398,00	0_			\$ 49,954,000	

Build America Bonds ("BAB") are federally taxable but the City receives a subsidy from the Internal Revenue Service equal to 35% of the interest paid.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Totals
2018 2019	\$ 3,096,000	\$ 1,990,960	\$ 5,086,960
2020	2,672,000	1,866,445	4,538,445
	2,757,000	1,766,365	4,523,365
2021	2,858,000	1,670,981	4,528,981
2022	15,181,000	1,216,692	16,397,692
2023 -2027	8,517,000	3,367,430	11,884,430
2028 -2032	9,483,000	1,865,644	11,348,644
2033 -2037	4,760,000	543,659	5,303,659
2037 - 2041	630,000	25,400	655,400
	\$ 49,954,000	\$ 14,313,575	\$ 64,267,575

Notes Payable

The City entered into a interlocal cooperation note payable agreement with Utah County (the County) for \$2,900,000 during 2007, to be used for road improvements for the 2000 West Project. The agreement will continue until the County has recouped its costs for the Project, but not to exceed 50 years. The City created an impact fee zone, with the proceeds from any related impact fees assessed to be earmarked for repayment to the County, if any, per the agreement, which bears no interest. Since 2006, \$1,026,369 has been remitted to the County. As of June 30, 2017, the outstanding balance was \$1,873,631. During 2017, \$1,638,262 of impact fees were collected. Of this amount, \$748,671 was remitted to the County.

The City also entered into two notes payable agreements with Provo Reservoir Water Users during 2010, to purchase full shares (\$10,558) and late shares (\$4,525), for a total of \$15,083. Annual payments of \$820, including interest at 4.00%, are required through maturity in June 2035. As of June 30, 2017, the outstanding balance was \$10,079.

Capital and Operating Leases

The City entered into various lease agreements (both capital and operating) with three separate companies for purchase of fitness equipment, public works and public safety vehicles, and office equipment. Payments range from \$7,208 to \$158,196 per month, including interest (2.04% to 2.40%).

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Capital and Operating Leases (Continued)

The present value of future minimum payments as of June 30, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					
]	Principal	Interest		Principal			Interest		
2018	\$	414,469	\$	29,326	\$	50,262	\$	4,279		
2019		401,682		21,490		51,770		3,256		
2020		266,125		13,898		53,323		2,203		
2021		242,346		8,793		54,444		1,118		
2022		186,048		3,818		-		-		
2023 - 2026		15,666		169						
	\$	1,526,336	\$	77,494	\$	209,799	\$	10,856		

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Advanced Refunding

In September 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, in the amount of \$3,750,000 at par value. The bonds were issued at an interest rate of 2.21% and will mature in June 2032. These bonds were issued to advance refund \$3,585,000, the callable portion of Series 2007 General Obligation Bonds. The City deposited the net proceeds, along with other resources, in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service on the refunded portion of the bonds. As a result, the refunded portion of those bonds is considered defeased and the City has removed the liability from its accounts. The requisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$33,221. This amount was expensed during the year and is included with interest expense. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next sixteen years by \$447,839. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$403,418. Bond issuance costs of \$39,073 were expensed as incurred.

New Bonds

In February 2017, the City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017, in the amount of \$9,060,000 at par value and a reoffering premium of \$443,288. The bonds were issued at an interest rate of 2.00% and will mature in June 2037. These bonds were issued to fund construction of a new fire station. The premium will be amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond issuance costs of \$131,166 were expensed as incurred.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

					Due in One
	07/01/16	Increases	Decreases	06/30/17	Year
Governmental activities					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation	\$ 3,925,000	\$ 12,810,000	(3,750,000)	\$ 12,985,000	\$ 510,000
Excise tax revenue	1,235,000	-	(705,000)	530,000	530,000
Tax increment revenue	16,154,000	-	(640,000)	15,514,000	-
Sales tax revenue	2,205,000	-	(290,500)	1,914,500	974,500
Add: unamortized premium	84,928	443,692	(39,088)	489,532	
Total bonds payable	23,603,928	13,253,692	(5,424,588)	31,433,032	2,014,500
Other long-term liabilities:					
Post-employment benefits	43,834	_	(16,985)	26,849	14,580
Compensated absences	706,434	363,210	(361,046)	708,598	363,210
Capital leases	1,989,502	505,210	(463,167)	1,526,335	414,469
Note payable	2,622,302	_	(748,671)	1,873,631	717,707
Note payable	2,022,302		(740,071)	1,673,031	
Governmental activities,					
long-term liabilities	\$ 28,966,000	\$ 13,616,902	\$ (7,014,457)	\$ 35,568,445	\$ 2,806,759
Business-type activities					
Bonds payable:					
Water revenue	\$ 21,030,000	\$ -	\$ (1,010,000)	\$ 20,020,000	\$ 1,089,000
Storm Water revenue	11,525,000	ψ -	(370,000)	11,155,000	375,000
Sales tax revenue	945,000	_	(124,500)	820,500	127,500
Add: unamortized premium	1,137,981	_	(94,109)	1,043,872	127,300
Add. unamortized premium	1,137,961		(94,109)	1,043,672	
Total bonds payable	34,637,981	-	(1,598,609)	33,039,372	1,591,500
Other long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences	111,214	64,234	(62,447)	113,001	62,447
Capital leases	258,968	_	(49,169)	209,799	50,262
Notes payable	10,401	-	(322)	10,079	334
			. , ,		
Business-type activities,					
long-term liabilities	\$ 35,018,564	\$ 64,234	\$ (1,710,547)	\$ 33,372,251	\$ 1,704,543
-					

Compensated absences for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Other Information

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the Utah Local Government Insurance Trust (Trust), a public entity risk pool to manage its risk of loss. The City pays an annual premium to the trust for its general insurance coverage. The Trust was created to be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of one million dollars for each insured event. As of June 30, 2017 there were no outstanding unpaid claims. Also, the City had no claim settlements during the three years ending June 30, 2017 which exceeded its insurance coverage.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Redevelopment Agency

In connection with the activities of the Redevelopment Agency (RDA), intergovernmental revenues from property tax increments of other governmental entities totaling \$525,039 were generated. The RDA was not required to pay any portion of this revenue to other taxing agencies.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, funds expended by the RDA were limited to the categories of redevelopment, administration costs, and debt service. Administrative costs totaled \$23,292, and debt service costs totaled \$1,558,440. The redevelopment cost was funded with bond proceeds from a prior year issuance, with the annual debt service paid with certain contributions from a developer (see note 4, *Note Receivable*).

Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems (URS). URS is comprised of the following Pension Trust Funds:

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Defined Benefit Plans

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System);
- Firefighters Retirement System (Firefighters System) are multiple employer, cost-sharing, retirement systems.
- Public Safety Retirement System (Public Safety System) is a mixed agent and cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System) is a multiple employer, cost-sharing, public employee retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System) is a multiple employer, cost sharing, public employee retirement system

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning work on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with URS, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

The URS is established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. URS defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of URS under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. URS is composed of fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms.

URS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Benefits Provided

URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

Summary of Benefits by System

System	Final Average Salary	Years of Service Required and/or Age Eligible for Benefit	Benefit Percent Per Year of Service	COLA**
Noncontributory System	Highest 3 years	30 years any age	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
		25 years any age*		
		20 years age 60*		
		10 years age 62*		
		4 years age 65		
Public Safety System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age	2.5% per year up to 20	Up to 2.5% or
		10 years age 60	years; 2.0% per year over	4% depending
		4 years age 65	20 years	upon employer
Firefighters System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age	2.5% per year up to 20	Up to 4%
2	,	10 years age 60	years; 2.0% per year over	1
		4 years age 65	20 years	
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 years	35 years any age	1.5% per year all years	Up to
		20 years age 60*		2.50%
		10 years age 62*		
		4 years age 65		
Tier 2 Public Safety and	Highest 5 years	25 years any age	1.5% per year all years	Up to
Firefighters System		20 years age 60*		2.50%
-		10 years age 62*		
		4 years age 65		

^{*}with actuarial reductions

Contributions

As a condition of participation in URS, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable), is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates for the reporting period were as follows:

^{**}All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Utah Retirement Systems

	Employee Paid	Paid by Employer for Employee	Employer Contribution Rates	Employer Rate for 401(k) Plan
Contributory System				
111- Local Governmental Division Tier 2	N/A	N/A	14.91%	1.78%
Noncontributory System				
15- Local Governmental Division Tier 1	N/A	N/A	18.47%	N/A
Public Safety System				
Contibutory				
122- Tier 2 DB Hybrid Public Safety	N/A	N/A	22.50%	1.33%
Noncontributory System				
43- Other Div A with 2.5% COLA	N/A	N/A	34.04%	N/A
Firefighters Retirement System				
31- Other Division A	N/A	15.05	3.990%	N/A
132- Tier 2 DB Hybrid Firefighers	N/A	N/A	10.75%	1.33%
Tier 2 DC Only				
211- Local Government	N/A	N/A	6.69%	10.00%
222- Public Safety	N/A	N/A	11.83%	12.00%
232- Firefighters	N/A	N/A	0.08%	12.00%

 $Tier\ 2\ rates\ include\ a\ statutory\ required\ contribution\ to\ finance\ the\ unfunded\ actuarial\ accrued\ liability\ of\ the\ Tier\ 1\ plans.$

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the employer and employee contributions to the Systems were as follows:

		Employer	Emple	oyee
System	Cor	ntributions	Contribut	ions
Noncontributory System	\$	515,887]	N/A
Public Safety System		339,946		-
Firefighters System		20,773		-
Tier 2 Public Employees System		90,679		-
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter		86,505		-
Tier 2 DC Only System		15,198]	N/A
Tier 2 DC Public Sagety ad Firefighter Systrem		1,107]	N/A
Total Contributions	\$	1,070,095	\$	-

Contributions reported are the URS Board approved required contributions by System. Contributions in the Tier 2 Systems are used to finance the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 Systems.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a net pension asset of \$19,534 and a net pension liability of \$3,597,138.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

	Measurement Date: December 31, 2016								
	Net Pension		ion Net Pension Proport		Proportionate	te Proportionate Share		Change	
		Asset		Liability	Share	Decemb	er 31, 2015	<u>(I</u>	Decrease)
Noncontributory System	\$	-	\$	2,102,717	0.3274636%	\$	-	\$	1,739,641
Public Safety System	\$	-	\$	1,486,581	0.7325669%		-		1,335,793
Firefighters System	\$	15,742	\$	-	1.9967965%		40,305		-
Tier 2 Public Employees System	\$	-	\$	7,840	0.0702846%		138		-
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	\$	3,792	\$	-	0.4367920%		3,859		
Total Net Pension Asset / Liability	\$	19,534	\$	3,597,138	•	\$	44,302	\$	3,075,434

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the employer's actual contributions to the Systems during the plan year over the total of all employer contributions to the System during the plan year.

For the year ended June, 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,297,090.

At June 30, 2017, the reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are as follows:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	48,475	\$	218,447
Changes in assumptions		629,608		171,671
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		908,811		266,667
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		93,148		35,326
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		512,751		
Total	\$	2,192,793	\$	692,111

The \$512,751 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by the City prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2016.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	(Ir	red Outflows aflows) of esources
2017	\$	286,968
2018		323,858
2019		387,908
2020		(27,234)
2021		(549)
Thereafter		16,981

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.35 - 10.35 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were developed from actual experience and mortality tables, based on gender, occupation and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending December 31, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

	Exped	cted Return Arithmet	tic Basis
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Equity securities	40%	7.06%	2.82%
Debt securities	20%	0.80%	0.16%
Real assets	13%	5.10%	0.66%
Private equity	9%	11.30%	1.02%
Absolute return	18%	3.15%	0.57%
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.00%	0.00%
Totals	100%		5.23%
	Inflation		2.60%
	Expected arithmetic nominal re	eturn	7.83%

The 7.20 percent assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.60 percent and a real return of 4.60 percent that is net of investment expense.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. The discount rate was reduced to 7.20 percent from 7.50 percent from the prior measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

System	1% Decrease (6.20%)	Discount Rate (7.20%)	1% Increase (8.20%)
Noncontributory System	\$ 4,355,440	\$ 2,102,717	\$ 222,943
Public Safety System	3,091,751	1,486,581	181,796
Firefighters System	569,257	(15,742)	(490,410)
Tier 2 Public Employees System	53,366	7,840	(26,793)
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	26,527	(3,792)	(27,091)
Total	\$ 8,096,341	\$ 3,577,604	\$ (139,555)

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

The Defined Contribution Savings Plans are administered by the Utah Retirement Systems Board and are generally supplemental plans to the basic retirement benefits of the Retirement Systems, but may also be used as a primary retirement plan. These plans are voluntary tax-advantaged retirement savings programs authorized under sections 401(k), 457(b) and 408 of the Internal Revenue code. Detailed information regarding plan provisions is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Pleasant Grove City participates in the following Defined Contribution Savings Plans with Utah Retirement Systems:

■ 401(k) Plan

Employee and employer contributions to the Utah Retirement Defined Contribution Savings Plans for fiscal year ended June 30, were as follows:

401(k) Plan	 2017	 2016	2015
Employer Contributions	\$ 40,860	\$ 17,309	\$ 10,089
Employee Contributions	2,150	-	_

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

5. <u>COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Litigation

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions and pending actions, or in process for miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. City management is of the opinion that the final outcome of the cases will not have an adverse material effect on the City's financial statements.

Compliance with Grant Agreements

The City receives assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The use of these funds generally requires compliance with conditions specified in the grant agreements. Any disallowed claims resulting from subsequent audits could become a liability of the general fund. The City administration believes such disallowance, if any, would not be significant.



PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Utah Retirement Systems
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	Non	Noncontributory				Firefighters		Tier 2 Public Employees		Tier 2 Public Safety and
		Retirement		Public Safety		Retirement		Retirement		Fire fighters
		System		System		System		System		Ketirement
						2017				
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.3274636%		0.7325669%		1.9967965%		0.0702846%		0.4367920%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	8	2,102,717	S	1,486,581	S	(15,742)	S	7,840	\$	(3,792)
Covered employee payroll	8	2,768,576	8	1,145,498	8	661,297	\$	576,391	∽	360,887
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of										
its covered-employee payroll		75.95%		129.78%		-2.38%		1.36%		-1.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		87.30%		86.50%		100.40%		95.10%		103.60%
						2016				
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.3074393%		0.7457315%		2.2253273%		0.0630622%		2.6414820%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	8	1,739,641	8	1,335,793	S	(40,305)	S	(138)	S	(3,859)
Covered employee payroll	S	2,575,297	\$	1,189,503	\$	692,196	S	407,535	S	157,364
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of										
its covered-employee payroll		67.55%		112.30%		-5.82%		-0.03%		-2.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		%08'.28		87.10%		101.00%		100.20%		110.70%
						2015				
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.3018052%		0.7658748%		2.4519367%		0.0324922%		0.0939329%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,310,509	8	963,151	⇔	(139,917)	S	(985)	\$	(1,390)
Covered employee payroll	S	2,583,446	8	1,224,529	S	715,539	S	159,942	S	38,791
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of										
its covered-employee payroll		50.73%		78.65%		-19.55%		-0.62%		-3.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		90.20%		%05'06		103.50%		103.50%		120.50%

Note:

This schedule usually covers the 10 most recent fiscal years; however, only 2 years have passed since the implementation year of GASB 68.

Contributions in Tier 2 include an amortization rate to help fund unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 systems.

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Schedule of Pension Contributions Utah Retirement Systems Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	As of fiscal year ended June 30,		Actuarial etermined atributions	rela	butions In tion to the ntractually required ntribution	d	tribution eficiency (excess)			ntributions as percentage of covered employee payroll
Noncontributory System	2015	\$	471,229	\$	471,229	\$	-	\$	2,553,409	18.45%
	2016 2017		486,144		486,144		-		2,634,168 2,793,102	18.46% 18.47%
Dall's Cafe to Court on	2017	\$	515,887	\$	515,887	\$		\$		31.32%
Public Safety System	2015	Э	385,252 349,418	Þ	385,252 349,418	3	-	Э	1,230,028 1,126,726	31.32%
	2017		339,946		339,946		-		1,128,726	30.12%
Firefighters System	2015	\$	24,478	\$	24,478	\$		\$	724,567	3.38%
. g,	2016		27,924		27,924		-		674,191	4.14%
	2017		20,773		20,773		-		634,954	3.27%
Tier 2 Public Employees System*	2015	\$	40,535	\$	40,535	\$	-	\$	271,320	14.94%
	2016		79,135		79,135		-		530,720	14.91%
	2017		90,679		90,679		-		608,176	14.91%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	2015	\$	10,420	\$	10,420	\$	-	\$	52,252	19.94%
System*	2016		51,794		51,794		-		272,790	18.99%
	2017		86,505		86,505		-		465,652	18.58%
Tier 2 Public Employees DC Only	2015	\$	3,085	\$	3,085	\$	-	\$	45,909	6.72%
System*	2016		2,833		2,833		-		42,338	6.69%
	2017		15,198		15,198		-		227,177	6.69%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	2015	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%
DC Only System*	2016		-		-		-		-	0.00%
	2017		1,107		1,107		-		9,360	11.83%

 $[\]hbox{*Contributions in Tier 2 include an amortization rate to help fund the unfunded liabilllites in the Tier 1 systems.}$

Paragraph 81.b of GASB 68 requires employers to disclose a 10-year history of contributions in RSI. Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll may be different than the board certified rate due to rounding and other administrative issues.

Tier 2 systems were created effective July 1, 2011.

PLEASANT GROVE CITY Notes to the Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2017

1. ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Changes in Assumptions

The following actuarial assumption changes were adopted January 1, 2016. The assumed investment return assumption was decreased from 7.50% to 7.20% and the assumed inflation rate was decreased from 2.75% to 2.60%. With the decrease in the assumed rate of inflation, both the payroll growth and wage inflation assumptions were decreased by 0.15% from the prior year's assumption.



PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2017

					Speci	Special Revenue						Total
		Disnatch	Ś	Swimming Pool	ē Ü	Community Center	J	Cultural Arts		Library	eg eg	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Unrestricted		666,666	8	93,237	↔	14,612	↔	14,547	8	49,601	8	271,996
Total assets	\$	99,999	\$	93,237	\$	14,612	\$	14,547	\$	49,601	\$	271,996
LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities	8	4,102	~	2,288	\$	2,497	\$		\$	'	\$	8,887
Total liabilities		4,102		2,288		2,497		1		1		8,887
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Dispatch Library		95,897				1 1		1 1		-49,601		95,897 49,601
Total restricted		95,897		1		'		'		49,601		145,498
Assigned		ı		90,949		12,115		14,547		1		117,611
Total fund balances		95,897		90,949		12,115		14,547		49,601		263,109
Total liabilities and fund balances	S	666,666	\$	93,237	∽	14,612 \$	↔	14,547 \$	S	49,601	8	271,996

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position –
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

					Special	Special Revenue						Total
			i		i	,	i				No.	Nonmajor
	Ω	Dispatch	Š	Swimming Pool	⊞ Ŭ O	Community Center	Cu	Cultural Arts	Lib	Library	Gove F	Governmental Funds
<u>REVENUES</u> Intercovernmental	€.	223 812	€.	,	€	,	€.	,	€.	 	€.	223 812
Charges for services)	1)	283,864)	1,143,229)	93,753)	ı)	1,520,846
Interest income		877						. 1		532		1,409
Miscellaneous		'		37,819		22,016		154		6,744		66,733
Total revenues		224,689		321,683		1,165,245		93,907		7,276		1,812,800
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Public safety		598,841		1		I		,				598,841
Parks, recreation, and public property		!		433,103		1,226,805		129,949		5,158		1,795,015
Total expenditures		598,841	ļ	433,103		1,226,805		129,949		5,158		2,393,856
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(374,152)		(111,420)		(61,560)		(36,042)		2,118		(581,056)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		394,820		180,106		76,958		22,612		1		674,496
Transfers out		ı		1		(45,000)		ı		١		(45,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		394,820		180,106		31,958		22,612		1		629,496
Net change in fund balance		20,668		989,89		(29,602)		(13,430)		2,118		48,440
Fund balances at beginning of year		75,229		22,263		41,717		27,977		47,483		214,669
Fund balances at end of year	\$	95,897	\$	90,949	\$	12,115	\$	14,547	\$	49,601	\$	263,109

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Dispatch Fund (Special Revenue Fund) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts	ance with al Budget
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 216,380	\$	216,380	\$ 223,812	\$ 7,432
Interest income	 			877	 877
Total revenues	216,380		216,380	224,689	8,309
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety	611,200		611,200	598,841	12,359
Total expenditures	611,200		611,200	598,841	12,359
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (394,820)		(394,820)	(374,152)	20,668
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	204.020		204.020	204.020	
Transfers in	 394,820		394,820	 394,820	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 394,820		394,820	394,820	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$		20,668	\$ 20,668
Fund balance at beginning of year				 75,229	
Fund balance at end of year				\$ 95,897	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Swimming Pool Fund (Special Revenue Fund) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		
	(Original		Final	Actual Amounts	ance with
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	220,000	\$	220,000	\$ 283,864	\$ 63,864
Donations and reimbursements		30,000		30,000	37,819	7,819
Total revenues		250,000		250,000	 321,683	 71,683
EXPENDITURES						
Parks, recreation, and public property		430,106		430,106	433,103	(2,997)
Tarks, recreation, and paone property		130,100		130,100	 133,103	 (2,777)
Total expenditures		430,106		430,106	 433,103	 (2,997)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(180,106)		(180,106)	(111,420)	 68,686
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		180,106		180,106	180,106	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		180,106		180,106	 180,106	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		68,686	\$ 68,686
Fund balance at beginning of year					22,263	
Fund balance at end of year					\$ 90,949	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Community Center Fund (Special Revenue Fund) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Am	ounts		
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts	ance with al Budget
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 1,136,004	\$	1,136,004	\$ 1,143,229	\$ 7,225
Donations and reimbursements	 26,996		26,996	22,016	 (4,980)
Total revenues	 1,163,000		1,163,000	 1,165,245	2,245
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Parks, recreation, and public property	 1,174,958		1,174,958	 1,226,805	(51,847)
Total expenditures	1,174,958		1,174,958	1,226,805	 (51,847)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (11,958)		(11,958)	 (61,560)	(49,602)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	76,958		76,958	76,958	-
Transfers out	 (65,000)		(65,000)	(45,000)	20,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,958		11,958	 31,958	20,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$		(29,602)	\$ (29,602)
Fund balance at beginning of year				41,717	
Fund balance at end of year				\$ 12,115	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Cultural Arts Fund (Special Revenue Fund) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts		
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts	iance with al Budget
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 90,000	\$	90,000	\$ 93,753	\$ 3,753
Donations and reimbursements	 -		-	154	154
Total revenues	90,000		90,000	93,907	3,907
EXPENDITURES					
Parks, recreation, and public property	104,000		104,000	129,949	(25,949)
	 . ,		- ,	 - ,	(-))
Total expenditures	104,000		104,000	129,949	(25,949)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (14,000)		(14,000)	(36,042)	 (22,042)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	22,612		22,612	22,612	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 22,612		22,612	22,612	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 8,612	\$	8,612	(13,430)	\$ (22,042)
Fund balance at beginning of year				 27,977	
Fund balance at end of year				\$ 14,547	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Library Fund (Special Revenue Fund) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		
	0	riginal		Final	Actual mounts	ance with Il Budget
REVENUES		_				
Donations and reimbursements	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$ 6,744	\$ 2,244
Interest income		250		250	532	282
Total revenues		4,750		4,750	7,276	2,526
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Parks, recreation, and public property		4,500		16,500	 5,158	 11,342
Total expenditures		4,500		16,500	5,158	11,342
Net change in fund balance	\$	250	\$	(11,750)	2,118	\$ 13,868
Fund balance at beginning of year					47,483	
Fund balance at end of year					\$ 49,601	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Am	ounts				
						Actual		riance with
		Original		Final	- 4	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES	_		_		_			
Intergovernmental	\$	=	\$	-	\$	20,019	\$	20,019
Interest income		-		-		17,642		17,642
Impact fees		349,224		349,224		1,065,522		716,298
Total revenues		349,224		349,224		1,103,183		753,959
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
General government		75,000		75,000		83,352		(8,352)
Public safety		188,618		188,618		188,645		(27)
Parks, recreation, and public property		45,000		82,600		74,588		8,012
Capital outlay and projects		146,405		10,171,973		832,523		9,339,450
Debt service								
Principal		497,760		497,760		1,211,838		(714,078)
Interest and other financial		-		168,541		34,593		133,948
								,
Total expenditures		952,783		11,184,492		2,425,539		8,758,953
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(603,559)		(10,835,268)		(1,322,356)		9,512,912
over (under) expenditures	-	(003,339)		(10,033,200)		(1,322,330)		9,312,912
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		383,025		383,025
Transfers in		556,657		1,012,103		10,035,002		9,022,899
		· · ·						
Total other financing sources (uses)		556,657		1,012,103		10,418,027		9,405,924
Net change in fund balance	\$	(46,902)	\$	(9,823,165)		9,095,671	\$	18,918,836
Fund balance at beginning of year						2,646,772		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	11,742,443		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts			
				Actual		iance with
	 Original		Final	Amounts	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 322,583	\$	322,583	\$ 322,583	\$	-
Interest income	-			 45,243		45,243
Total revenues	322,583		322,583	367,826		45,243
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service						
Principal	1,160,500		1,160,500	1,160,500		-
Interest and other financial	 280,326		448,867	 355,145		93,722
Total expenditures	1,440,826		1,609,367	 1,515,645		93,722
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(1,118,243)		(1,286,784)	(1,147,819)		138,965
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Proceeds from issuance of debt	_		13,253,692	13,253,692		_
Payments to bond escrow agent	-		(3,783,221)	(3,783,221)		-
Transfers in	1,118,243		1,118,243	1,118,243		-
Transfers out	<u>-</u>		(9,372,123)	(9,372,123)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,118,243		1,216,591	1,216,591		_
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	(70,193)	68,772	\$	138,965
Fund balance at beginning of year				 114,294		
Fund balance at end of year				\$ 183,066		

Statistical Section

This part of Pleasant Grove City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends These Schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	83-88
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant local revenue sources, property tax, sales tax, and water revenue.	89-95
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	96-100
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place.	101-103
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	104-105

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	2016	$\frac{2017}{}$
Governmental activities Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 44,835	\$ 47,283	\$ 47,248	\$ 49,239	\$ 50,312	\$ 50,796	\$ 50,566	\$ 52,593	\$ 51,330	\$ 62,432
Restricted	6,435	4,379	3,216	2,857	2,774	3,056	4,038	4,390	5,053	13,958
Unrestricted	585	3,035	3,556	2,939	2,166	2,426	3,101	866	23,328	6,699
Total government activities net position	51,856	54,697	54,020	55,035	55,252	56,278	57,705	57,981	79,711	83,089
Business-type activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,270	39,175	40,001	40,329	47,175	48,324	49,572	48,630	51,387	57,964
Restricted	•	ı	2,639	1,731	1,638	2,536	4,055	6,578	5,538	5,966
Unrestricted	6,747	8,249	4,150	4,998	4,929	5,927	5,858	7,222	9,845	7,988
Total business-type activities net position	47,016	47,424	46,789	47,058	53,742	56,787	59,485	62,430	66,770	71,918
Primary government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	85,105	86,458	87,248	89,568	97,487	99,120	100,138	101,223	102,717	120,396
Restricted	6,435	4,379	5,855	4,588	4,412	5,592	8,093	10,968	10,591	19,924
Unrestricted	7,331	11,283	7,706	7,937	7,095	8,353	8,959	8,220	33,173	14,687
Total primary government net position	\$ 98,872	\$ 102,121	\$ 100,809	\$ 102,093	\$ 108,994	\$ 113,065	\$ 117,190	\$ 120,411	\$ 146,481	\$ 155,007

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2008	2009	2010	0	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 4,689	\$ 4,664	\$	3,344 \$	3,213	\$ 3,127	2 &	2,975	\$ 1,610	\$ 1,075	\$ 4,546	\$ 4,828
Community Services	1	ı		939	826	66	5	1,234	1,321	1,422	970	1,115
Public Works	2,150	3,453		,594	3,586	2,33	7	2,424	2,477	2,654	2,902	4,088
Public Safety	5,302	5,257		,601	5,452	5,49	9	5,634	960'9	6,296	6,159	6,023
Parks & Recreation	2,686	3,28(,681	3,469	3,82	0	3,958	4,063	4,508	4,052	3,676
Interest on long-term debt	1,453	1,50		,268	1,672	1,66	5	1,489	1,441	1,335	1,286	1,479
Total governmental activities expense	16,280	18,156	-	3,427	18,218	17,44	 	17,714	17,008	17,290	19,915	21,209
Business-type activities												
Water	3,089	3,609		926;	4,548	5,08	9	5,517	5,456		5,250	5,154
Sewer	2,609	2,673		,134	3,521	3,38	0	3,632	3,583		4,502	4,531
Storm Drain	475	476		534	581	85	7	1,089	1,393	1,621	1,552	1,517
Sanitation	,	ı			ı	1,32	0	1,324	1,335		1,377	1,410
Total business-type activities expense	6,173	6,757		,644	8,650	10,64	 	11,562	11,767	1	12,681	12,612
Total primary government expenses	22,453	24,913		26,072	26,868	28,083	3	29,276	28,775	29,601	32,596	33,821
Program Revenues Governmental activities:												
Charges for services:	1	į			i i	0	,	i i		ţ		0
General government	3,556	3,171		,992	1,758	2,0/1	_	2,278	636	3/8	3,210	3,326
Community Services	•	ı		331	293	18	7	406	694	1,019	1	ı
Public Works	•	1		,065	1,359	ı		4	3	•		
Public Safety	2,794	976		808	734	87	1	844	831			795
Parks & Recreation	855	1,060	_	,398	1,456	1,54	1	1,611	1,643		1,588	1,686
Operating grants and contributions	195	671		432	544	529	6	376	387	431	757	355
Capital grants and contributions	4,382	6,06		,845	3,151	1,90	3	2,581	3,899		7,043	5,508
Total governmental activities programs revenues	11,781	11,942		7,870	9,295	7,102	2	8,100	8,093	6,839	13,419	11,670
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services:												
Water	3,147	3,070		,045	3,479	4,16	5	4,959	5,594	960'9		6,677
Sewer	2,416	2,22		,961	3,253	3,88	9	4,280	4,367	4,563		4,889
Storm Drain	400	395		403	591	96	∞	1,239	1,536	1,774		1,783
Sanitation	•	1				1,320	0	1,325	1,351	1,413		1,448
Operating grants and contributions	•	1				•		43	8	35		1
Capital grants and contributions	2,174	1,310		995	1,579	96'9	5	2,726	2,409	1,831	1,905	2,661
Total business-type activities program revenues	8,137	7,004		6,970	8,902	17,304	4	14,572	15,265	15,712	1	17,458
Total primary governmental program revenues	19,918	18,94		1,840	18,197	24,40		22,672	23,358	22,551	63	29,128

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Changes in Net Position (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

		2008		2009	2010	2011		2012	20	2013	2014	2015	2016	2(2017
Net (Expense)/Revenue			ı]					
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(4,499)	↔	(6,214)	\$ (10,557) (674)	\$ (8,923)	3) \$	(10,338) 6.661	∽	(9,614) \$	(8,915)	\$ (10,451)	\$ (6,496)	↔	(9,539) 4.846
Total primary government net expense		(2,535)		(5,968)	(11,231)	(8,671)		(3,677)		(6,604)	(5,417)	11			(4,693)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position															
Governmental activities: Taxes															
Property taxes		2,925		3,338	3,346	2,96	6	3,151		3,226	3,059	3,077	3,509		4,079
Sales taxes		3,855		3,498	3,308	3,523	3	3,752		3,849	4,082	4,454	5,011		5,425
Franchise taxes		1,529		1,580	1,086	1,16	0	1,593		1,654	1,905	1,973			2,059
Other taxes		,			<i>L</i> 99	989	9	312		316	309	306	2,100		,
Investment earnings		262		231	10	24	4	22		11	15	33	1,005		1,054
Miscellaneous		99		409	1,463	1,576	9	1,726		1,584	1,562	2,864	340		376
Transfers				١	,	•		,			141	(61)	(75)		(75)
Total governmental activities		8,639		9,056	9,880	9,938	8	10,556]	10,640	11,073	12,646	11,890	-	12,918
Business-type activities:															
Investment earnings		467		160	40		_	23		35	47	46	70		109
Miscellaneous				1	1	1					•	15	49		118
Transfers		,		,	,	•		,			(141)	61	75		75
Total business-type activities		467		160	40	1	7	23		35	(94)	122	209		302
Total primary government		9,107		9,216	9,919	9,955	5	10,579		10,675	10,979	12,768	12,099		13,220
Change in Net Position															
Governmental activities		4,141		2,842	(22)	1,015	5	218		1,026	2,158	2,196	5,395		3,378
Business-type activities		2,431		407	(634)	26	6	6,684		3,045	3,404	3,523	4,163		5,147
Total primary government	S	6,572	S	3,249	\$ (1,312)	\$ 1,284	\$	6,902	\$	4,071 \$	5,562	\$ 5,719	\$ 9,558	S	8,525

Total all other governmental funds

Unassigned

Community Center Cultural Arts

Redevelopment

Capital Projects Swimming Pool

Debt Service

PLEASANT GROVE CITY

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

<u>2017</u>	299	388	850	•	•	ı	•	2,910	4,447		ı	183	96	50	1,638	ı	•	10,104	91	12	15	532	1	12,721
	↔								\$		8													\$
2016	\$ 465	363	1,516	1	1	1	1	2,595	\$4,939		\$ 70	114	75	47	1,904	ı	1	672	22	42	28	269	•	\$3,243
2015	548	366	1,516	•	1	1	•	2,073	4,503		1	247	57	70	2,133	1	1	617	30	21	5	•	31	3,211
	↔								\$		↔													S
2014	722	363	1,392	1	1	1	1	2,149	4,626		ı	239	88	64	1,891	1	1	437	11	20	16	•	(195)	2,571
	↔								S		↔													S
<u>2013</u>	241	361	1,672	1	1	1	1	2,686	4,960			114	302	55	552	1	S	219	17	19	7	14	•	\$ 1,304
	↔								∽		↔													S
<u>2012</u>	276	338	1,740	1	1	1	1	2,104	4,458			134	510	53	1	1	117	909	11	32	S	1	(140)	1,228
	↔								S		↔													S
<u>2011</u>	274	298	1,620	1	1	ı	1	2,011	4,203			200	685	54	1	40	98	1,036	5	1	1	•	(275)	1,831
,	↔								S		↔													S
<u>2010</u>	ı	286	328	1,203	749	54	276	3,230	6,126		1	208	ı	ı	673	40	73	303	ı	1	1	1	(498)	799
• •	8								S		↔													S
<u>2009</u>	1	,	2,888	•	720	62	9	4,512			1	ı	1	1	402	40	38	2,517	1	•	•	•	(916)	
	↔								8	 -	↔													↔
2008	ı	ı	4,886	'	624	55	9	5,586	11,157		•				871	40	1	1	1	1	1	•	(1,330)	(419)
	↔								\$		↔													S

All Other Governmental Funds

Unassigned
Total general fund

Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses

Restricted for Debt Service

Dispatch Library Grants

Impact Fees

Assigned to

MBA

Class C Road Funds

Donations

Restricted for

Debt Service

Dispatch Library Grants

Other

Prepaid Expenses

Nonspendable

General Fund

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 8,297	\$ 8,318	\$ 8,593	\$ 8,453	\$ 8,745	\$ 9,158	\$ 9,381	\$ 9,830	\$ 10,620	\$ 11,563
Licenses, fees, and permits	488	285	212	254	260	480	765	673	608	638
Intergovernmental	1,318	1,506	1,398	1,713	2,012	1,367	1,496	1,465	1,850	1,636
Charges for services	5,881	4,027	4,234	4,602	3,665	4,012	2,435	2,292	4,613	4,802
Fines and penalties	512	556	554	406	541	354	378	336	399	366
Investment earnings	-	-	31	24	25	23	24	33	53	137
Impact fees	556	253	193	170	213	855	2,153	1,365	872	1,066
Loan repayment income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,558	1,557
Miscellaneous	717	687	441	344	1,926	1,857	 1,792	2,397	340	376
Total Revenues	 17,771	 15,631	 15,656	15,966	 17,387	 18,106	 18,424	18,391	20,913	22,141
Expenditures										
General government	4,642	4,398	3,145	3,152	2,927	2,883	1,498	1,717	4,259	4,571
Community Development	-	-	912	872	984	1,197	1,329	1,456	1,040	1,018
Public Works	3,681	5,745	3,211	1,933	552	566	566	844	1,410	2,168
Public Safety	5,154	5,969	5,205	5,388	5,781	5,476	5,739	7,144	6,115	6,202
Parks and Recreation	10,676	5,473	3,003	3,013	3,313	3,410	3,535	5,059	4,192	4,093
Capital outlay	-	-	2,597	791	1,128	1,071	1,802	-	704	833
Debt service										
Principal	668	886	1,373	1,652	19,658	1,669	1,790	1,811	2,271	3,012
Other	217	-	-	-	327	-	-	-	-	170
Interest	1,157	1,371	1,417	1,633	1,655	1,546	1,473	1,367	1,314	1,138
Total expenditures	26,195	23,843	20,865	18,434	36,325	17,818	17,732	19,398	21,305	23,205
Excess of revenues										
over (under)										
expenditures	(8,425)	(8,212)	(5,208)	(2,468)	(18,938)	288	692	(1,007)	(392)	(1,064)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

•	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2017</u>
Issuance of long term debt Proceeds from issuance of debt Payments to bond escrow agent	9,534	3,813	232	-	18,588	280	98	-		13,254 (3,783)
Contributions	_	4,237	1,325	1,548	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	29	2	11	2	498	150	653
Proceeds from Capital Lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,087	786	-
Transfers in	350	850	353	3,423	1,995	1,856	2,777	2,683	2,455	11,479
Transfers out	(350)	(850)	(353)	(3,423)	(1,995)	(1,856)	(2,636)	(2,744)	(2,530)	(11,554)
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,534	8,050	1,557	1,577	18,590	291	241	1,524	861	10,049
Net change in										
fund balances	\$ 1,110	\$ (161)	\$ (3,651)	\$ (891)	\$ (348)	\$ 579	\$ 933	\$ 517	\$ 469	\$ 8,985
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7%	9%	15%	19%	61%	19%	20%	16%	17%	19%

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Assessed Value and Estimate Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Laxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value	60.35%	60.59%	64.01%	63.61%	63.50%	63.08%	63.03%	62.97%	63.38%	63.49%
Estimated Actual Value	\$ 2,267,088,475	2,473,795,150	2,282,599,356	2,197,996,587	2,034,326,368	2,015,590,980	2,114,170,942	2,376,598,484	2,669,318,488	2,916,182,312
Total Direct Tax Rate	0.001608	0.001806	0.001943	0.002085	0.002256	0.002315	0.002237	0.001997	0.001875	0.001775
Total Taxable Value	\$1,368,175,496	1,498,880,145	1,461,200,210	1,398,204,984	1,291,831,342	1,271,494,779	1,332,656,981	1,496,473,104	1,691,756,500	1,851,376,390
Centrally Assessed	\$ 21,012,035	22,552,289	22,552,289	23,130,861	23,502,948	24,629,403	26,055,131	25,724,598	28,959,101	34,103,247
Personal Property	\$ 28,143,211	30,988,017	42,497,550	41,112,027	38,340,394	37,354,730	31,162,206	31,245,902	40,291,548	49,214,383
Other Real Property	\$ 27,674,050	29,580,081	11,263,299	6,437,648	11,213,083	84,445,189	96,784,705	94,017,177	96,888,618	111,289,596
Commercial and Industrial	\$191,471,159	222,627,106	321,972,770	305,599,654	273,473,233	235,485,237	243,729,316	264,992,770	325,978,914	349,816,438
Secondary Residential	\$ 1,203,622	1,569,868	58,982,013	44,401,724	37,807,763	4,901,512	4,848,800	5,115,600	5,154,800	5,847,400
Primary Residential	\$1,098,671,419	1,191,562,784	1,003,932,289	977,523,070	907,493,921	884,678,708	930,076,823	1,075,377,057	1,194,483,519	1,301,105,326
Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Source: Utah State Tax Commission Notes: Data for Years Previous to 2008 Unavailable

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	Central Utah Water Conservancy District	0.302	0.286	0.400	0.421	0.436	0.455	0.446	0.422	0.405	0.040
Overlapping Rates	No UT Co Water Conservancy	0.022	0.022	0.024	0.026	0.028	0.029	0.028	0.025	0.024	0.023
Ove	Utah County	1.000	1.105	1.203	1.294	1.342	1.324	1.259	1.149	1.098	1.049
	Alpine School District	6.937	7.057	7.541	8.220	8.812	8.828	8.699	8.096	8.177	7.718
	Total Direct Rate	1.608	1.806	1.943	2.085	2.256	2.315	2.237	1.997	1.875	1.775
City Direct Rates	General Obligation Debt Service	ı	0.240	0.247	0.255	0.275	0.280	0.269	0.237	0.214	0.190
	Basic Rates	1.608	1.566	1.696	1.830	1.981	2.035	1.968	1.760	1.661	1.585
	Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

PLEASANT GROVE CITY

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Eight Years ago

			2017				2009	
Taxpayer	Ta	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxal	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Valley Properties	↔	59,469,505	-	3.52%				
Somerset Meadows		20,723,780	2	1.22%				
Questar		17,642,308	3	1.04%				
DMB Investments		14,656,100	4	0.87%	S	5,793,000	∞	0.396%
ThorneBerry LTD		14,530,340	5	%98.0		5,610,550	6	0.384%
Pacificorp		14,266,259	9	0.84%		8,993,112	1	0.615%
Pleasant Springs		14,041,500	7	0.83%				
Residents at Mayfield LLC		13,926,530	8	0.82%				
Valley Grove II LLC		13,699,200	6	0.81%				
Econics Management LLC		11,940,200	10	0.71%				
Green Grove Apartments						7,497,270	3	0.513%
Pen & Ink, LTD						7,041,763	4	0.482%
Amsource Pleasant Grove, LC						7,991,800	2	0.547%
Continental Pipe Manufacturing Co						6,975,200	S	0.477%
Qwest						6,628,352	9	0.454%
Pleasant Development, LLC						5,872,500	7	0.402%
Firmage Grove, LC						5,523,000	10	0.378%
Total	↔	194,895,722		11.520%	S	67,926,547		4.649%

Source: Utah County Note: Data for Years Previous to 2009 Unavailable

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Property Tax Levied and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy	N/A	N/A	0.11%	0.16%	0.58%	0.93%	1.86%	3.01%	3.02%	3.40%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	N/A	N/A	2,955	4,540	16,729	27,146	54,979	90,233	96,047	111,745
Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy	100.00%	100.00%	%68.66	99.84%	99.42%	%20.66	98.14%	%66'96	%86.96	%09:96
Total Tax Collections	2,150,726	2,635,201	2,738,624	2,866,658	2,864,976	2,882,843	2,905,268	2,905,723	3,080,489	3,179,370
Delinquent Tax Collections	226,140	298,508	313,004	278,413	204,408	212,957	168,399	144,584	137,779	106,518
Percent of Current Taxes Collected	89.49%	88.67%	88.48%	90.15%	92.33%	91.75%	92.45%	92.16%	92.65%	93.38%
Current Tax Collections	1,924,586	2,336,693	2,425,620	2,588,246	2,660,568	2,669,886	2,736,869	2,761,139	2,942,710	3,072,852
Total Tax Levy	2,150,726	2,635,201	2,741,579	2,871,198	2,881,705	2,909,989	2,960,247	2,995,956	3,176,536	3,291,115
Calendar Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Source: Utah County

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property Per Capita					
2008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
2009	4,912,740	· -	4,912,740	0.199%	153.52				
2010	4,791,584	-	4,791,584	0.210%	145.20				
2011	4,665,427	-	4,665,427	0.212%	139.23				
2012	4,534,272	-	4,534,272	0.223%	131.68				
2013	4,398,116	-	4,398,116	0.218%	127.41				
2014	4,251,960	-	4,251,960	0.201%	121.53				
2015	4,080,000		4,080,000	0.172%	116.61				
2016	3,925,000		3,925,000	0.147%	103.15				
2017	13,486,000		13,486,000	0.462%	347.97				

Source: Utah County

Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

E' 137	Pleasant Grove		State of
Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Utah County	Utah
2008	1.000%	0.550%	5.000%
2009	1.000%	0.800%	4.900%
2010	1.000%	0.800%	4.950%
2011	1.000%	0.800%	4.950%
2012	1.000%	0.800%	4.950%
2013	1.000%	0.800%	4.950%
2014	1.000%	0.800%	4.950%
2015	1.000%	0.800%	4.950%
2016	1.000%	0.800%	4.950%
2017	1.000%	0.800%	4.950%

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission

Principal Sales Tax Remitters Fiscal Years 2010 and 2017

Fiscal Year 2017		Fiscal Year 2010						
	Sales Tax ¹		Sales Tax ¹					
doTerra	N/A	AT&T Mobility	N/A					
Drive Auto Sales	N/A	BMW of Pleasant Grove	N/A					
Maceys	N/A	Maceys	N/A					
Metro Ready Mix	N/A	Northwest Pipe Company	N/A					
Siemens Energy	N/A	Pacificorp	N/A					
Shamrock Group, LLC	N/A	Questar Gas	N/A					
Smiths Food & Drug	N/A	Shamrock Group, LLC	N/A					
UT State Motor Vehicle	N/A	Smiths Food & Drug	N/A					
Pacificorp	N/A	T Mobile	N/A					
		Verizon Wireless	N/A					
Total	\$ 1,472,249	Total	\$ 767,998					
Total Citywide Collections	\$ 3,598,546	Total Citywide Collections	\$ 1,659,142					
Top 10 as a Percentage of Total Collections	40.91%	Top 10 as a Percentage of Total Collections	46.29%					
Top 10 as a Percentage of Total Revenue ²	13.57%	Top 10 as a Percentage of Total Revenue ²	10.90%					

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Note: Data for Years Previous to 2010 Unavailable

¹Utah State law prohibits the disclosure of retail sales figures for individual businesses. Top 10 taxpayers are listed alphabetically. ²The distribution formula set forth by the Utah State legislature provides that 50% of sales tax collections are distributed to the entity in which the tax is collected. The other 50% is distributed statewide based on population. This number represents the 50% point of sale collections as a percentage of total sales tax revenue received.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Years
(dollars in thousands except per capita)

Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Excise Lease Other RDA Tax Storm Percentage General Long-Term Water Fiscal Tax Road Sales Tax Increment Drain Sales Tax Other Long- Total Primary of Personal Revenue Sewer Year Obligation Bond Revenue Bonds Leases Debt Bond Revenue Revenue Revenue Revenue Leases Term Debt Government Income Per Capita 25 2008 5,029 6,050 4,043 223 19,785 15,896 940 347 52,313 N/AN/A 2009 4,886 3,847 913 3,408 19,785 26,182 848 330 28 65,662 N/A 5,463 N/A 2010 4,792 4,935 3,644 1,023 3,649 19,250 24,808 128 1,561 78 62,229 N/AN/A2011 4,665 4,387 3,430 908 3,474 18,690 25,036 65 7,093 1,470 102 69,218 12.23% 2,066 2012 4,534 3,539 24,252 7,091 117 10.58% 3,814 3,260 910 18,383 1,398 65,783 1,910 99 2013 4,398 3,216 2,999 1,018 3,506 17,872 23,424 12,494 1,285 70,311 11.48% 2,037 2014 4,252 2,593 891 22,555 12,303 66,957 9.91% 2,840 2,622 17,331 1,217 353 1,914 2015 4,101 1,936 2,554 1,328 2,622 16,759 22,254 11,979 1,095 306 64,934 7.28% 1,752 2016 3,944 1,248 2,258 1,989 2,622 16,154 22,032 11,661 968 259 10 63,145 8.19% 1,659 210 2017 13,486 530 1,915 1,526 1,874 20,937 11,262 840 10 68,104 8.61% 1,757 15,514

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2017

Government Unit		al Governmental activities Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt		
Overlapping Debt						
Alpine School District Utah County Central Utah Water Cons. District	\$	491,269,589 267,830,000 708,150,976	8.57% 5.51% 1.35%	\$	42,123,453 14,747,213 9,544,747	
Subtotal, overlapping debt					66,415,413	
City direct debt					35,593,122	
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	102,008,535	

Note:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Pleasant Grove City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and business should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident-and therefore responsible for repaying the debt-of each overlapping government.

(amounts expressed in thousands) Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017

\$ 2,916,182 116,647	(12,985)		(12,985) \$ 103,662
Assessed value (in thousands) Debt limit (4% of assessed value)	Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin

	<u>20</u>	Debt limit \$\\$ 90	Total net debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit
	<u>2008</u>	0,684	ij	\$ 90,684	0.00%
	2009	\$ 90,684 \$ 98,952	(4,913)	\$ 94,039 \$ 86,512	4.97%
	[2]	∽		S	
	2010	91,304	(4,792)	86,512	5.25%
	1	S			
Fisca	<u>2011</u>	87,920	(4,665)	83,255	5.31%
≻		S			
ar	<u>2012</u>	81,373	(4,534)	76,839	5.57%
\$ 2013 \$ 80,624 \$		S			
	<u>:013</u>	80,624	(4,398)	76,226	5.45%
	ICAI	∽		↔	
	014	4 \$ 83,756 \$	(4,252)	\$ 83,255 \$ 76,839 \$ 76,226 \$ 79,504 \$ 90,984 \$ 102,848 \$ 103,662	5.08%
	2015 95,06 ² (4,08(\$ 90,	4.		
	5	064 \$	(080)	984 \$	4.29%
	2016 2017 4 \$ 106,773 \$ 116,647 0) (3,925) (12,985)	102,848	3.68%		
		↔		∽	
	2017	116,647	(12,985)	103,662	11.13%

Source: Utah County Auditor's Office

Note 1: Data for Years Previous to 2008 Unavailable Note 2: Debt margin applies only to general obligation bonds.

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands)

				Coverage	2.88	2.62	1.78	1.69	1.73	1.90	1.99	2.86	3.22	3.48
ent Bonds	ervice			Interest	1,066	1,057	1,036	1,222	1,279	1,169	1,087	286	953	917
Tax Increment Bonds	Debt Service			Η			825							
			Sales Tax	Revenues	3,855	3,498	3,308	3,523	3,752	3,849	4,082	4,454	5,011	5,425
				Coverage	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.55	1.85	1.52	1.49	1.86	1.64
	rvice			Interest			,		164	270	430	430	420	412
enue Bonds	Debt Service			Principal						185	320	320	335	370
Storm Water Revenue Bonds	'	Net	Available	Revenue		1			747	843	1,139	1,114	1,403	1,283
Stor		Less:				,	1	1	486	529	644	841	771	729
		Utility	Service	Charge		1			1,233	1,372	1,783	1,955	2,174	2,012
				Coverage		0.97	0.72	0.74	1.19	1.47	1.91	2.24	2.47	3.21
	rvice			Interest	619	1,066	1,102	1,078	1,052	1,052	886	888	651	661
Bonds	Debt Service			Principal	432	462	069	733	758	815	988	988	214	635
Water Revenue Bonds	·	Net	Available	Revenue	1,879	1,484	1,293	1,333	2,146	2,739	3,587	3,968	4,017	4,158
M		Less:	Operating	Expenses	1,715	1,833	1,867	2,304	2,765	3,048	3,079	2,948	3,069	2,844
		Utility					3,160							
ı		i	Fiscal	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Pledged-Revenue Coverage (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands)

1			ge	78	54	22	1.28	24	1.29	23	26	1.42	29
			Coverage	l.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.	1.0	i,	1.
k Revenue	Debt Service		Interest	98	99	164	234	211	183	126	126	94	62
Excise Tax Revenue	Debt		Principal	475	495		535					675	
		Class C Road	Revenues	766	865	925	982	954	991	949	1,516	1,094	1,281
			Coverage	,	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
General Obligation Bonds	Debt Service		Interest		202	197	192	187	176	170	170	164	58
neral Oblig	Debt S		Principal	 - 	115	120	125	130	145	150	150	155	165
ğ		Property Tax	Revenues	'	317	317	317	317	321	320	320	319	223
			Coverage	7.15	6.53	6.18	6.53	7.78	8.21	8.25	9.00	86.6	10.92
ax Revenue	Service		Interest	265	255	245	234	167	119	100	_	92	82
Sales Tax	Debt S		Principal	275	280	290	305	315	350	395	395	410	415
		Sales Tax	Revenues	3,855	3,498	3,308	3,523	3,752	3,849	4,082	4,454	5,011	5,425
,		Fiscal	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Source: Pleasant Grove City

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calender Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2007	30,903	538,387,847	17,422	N/A
2008	32,000	567,664,787	17,740	N/A
2009	33,000	596,941,726	18,089	N/A
2010	33,509	565,847,667	16,886	7.8%
2011	34,435	621,512,350	18,049	5.3%
2012	34,519	612,229,952	17,736	4.5%
2013	34,988	675,874,839	19,317	3.3%
2014	37,064	891,859,745	24,063	3.2%
2015	38,052	770,819,364	20,257	3.2%
2016	38,756	791,203,740	20,415	3.4%

Note 1: Data for Years Previous to 2007 Unavailable Note 2: Unemployment Rate is for Utah County

Principal Employers Current Year, Six and Eleven Years Ago

	2017	2011	2006		
	Range of	Range of	Range of		
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Employees	Employees		
doTerra International	1,000-1,999				
Alpine School District	300-749	300-749	300-749		
Horrocks Engineers, Inc.	100-249	100-249			
Lincoln Academy	100-249	50-99			
Maceys	100-249	100-249	100-249		
Mile High Contracting	100-249	100-249			
MOZY Decho Software		100-249			
Niels Fugal Sons Company	100-249		100-249		
Pleasant Grove City	100-249	100-249	100-249		
Sundesa, LLC	100-249				
All Pro Security, LLC	50-99				
Alpine Pediatrics	50-99	50-99	50-99		
Asphalt Zipper	50-99				
Close to My Heart	50-99	100-249	100-249		
Daybreak Training Services	50-99	50-99	50-99		
Elite Grounds	50-99				
Event Production	50-99				
Extinct, LLC	50-99				
Lopez Trading	50-99				
Mary's Culinary Crafts LLC	50-99				
McDonalds	50-99				
Packman LLC	50-99				
Smith's Food and Drug	50-99	50-99	50-99		
Synergy Worldwide Inc	50-99				
Taco Amigo	50-99				
Test Out Corporation	50-99				
Tri City Medical Clinic	50-99	50-99	50-99		
The Void	50-99				
Walmart	50-99				
Warburtons	50-99	50-99			
Mission Health Services	50-99	50-99			
Quail Run Primary School		50-99			
Rocky Mountain Welding		50-99			
ROI Solutions		50-99			
Utah Pacific Bridge & Steel		50-99			
Autometer			100-249		
Brundage Bone Pumping			50-99		
Southam and Associates			50-99		
Westroc, Inc.			50-99		

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

Note 1: The State of Utah only tracks employees by range of employees. Therefore, we are not able to report each employer as a percentage of total employment.

PLEASANT GROVE CITY
Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

2017	2.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 3.0 1.0	28.0 8.0 15.0	3.0 4.0 3.0 1.0 16.0 3.0 11.0
2016	2.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 3.0 1.0	27.0 8.0 15.0	2.0 4.0 4.0 1.0 16.0 3.0 11.0
2015	2.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.0	25.0 8.0 15.0	1.0 4.0 3.0 1.0 16.0 3.0 11.0
2014	2.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.0	26.0 8.0 14.0	1.0 4.0 3.0 1.0 14.0 3.0 10.0
2013	1.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	25.0 8.0 15.0	1.0 5.0 2.0 1.0 15.0 3.0 10.0
2012	1.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 6.0	25.0 8.0 15.0	1.0 5.0 2.0 1.0 15.0 3.0 10.0
2011	1.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	25.0 8.0 15.0	1.0 5.0 2.0 1.0 15.0 3.0 10.0
2010	1.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	25.0 8.0 14.0	1.0 5.0 2.0 1.0 15.0 3.0 10.0
2009	1.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	26.0 7.0 5.0	1.0 5.0 2.0 1.0 15.0 3.0 9.0
2008	1.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 7.0	33.0 8.0 4.0	5.0 2.0 1.0 15.0 3.0 9.0
Function/Program	General government Management services Finance Planning Building Legal Municipal Court Other	Fonce Officers Civilians Fire Firefighters and officers Refuse collections Other multic works	Engineering Streets Storm Drain Other Redevelopment Parks and recreation Library Water/Sewer

Source: Pleasant Grove City
Note 1: Corrections made to FY2016

Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Seven Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2011	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017
Function/Program							
General government	150	2.60	261	252	do 1.1	7 00	50.4
Building permits issued	178	260	361	372	*311	589	524
Building inspections conducted	1,713	1,714	4,215	3,387	*3,005	2,788	2,236
Police	1.600	1.250	501	1 400	1 2 4 1	1.024	1 120
Physical arrests	1608	1,359	581	1,409	1,241	1,034	1,120
Parking violations	327	4	-	2	-	123	-
Traffic violations	3,302	4,608	2,798	2,566	2,264	2,187	1,860
Fire							
Emergency responses	859	1,388	1,199	1,330	1,486	1,401	1,453
Number of Transports	592	573	500	579	494	578	574
Average Response Time (Minutes)	5	5	4:14	4:51	3:36	3:29	3:62
Other public works							
Potholes repaired (tons of asphalt)	410	431	457	478	500	650	2,100
Parks and recreation							
Daily program participants- Community Center	12,761	11,813	12,298	33,084	20,072	18,096	17,227
Community center admissions	147,356	135,866	141,540	169,744	190,511	207,133	208,954
Daily pool passes							1,111
Pool bulk tickets							3,372
Pool - pass admissions							24,274
Library							
Public service hours							3,248
Library visits							194,393
Material circulation							401,574
Library collection							117,000
Library programs							690
Library program attendance							26,577
Uses of wireless network							5,736
Water							
New connections	41	64	143	170	176	160	183
Culinary Water Breaks	66	82	127	127	140	106	190
PI Water Breaks	N/A	N/A	N/A	115	35	33	50
Average daily consumption							
(thousands of gallons)	2,623	2,821	2,709	2,702	2,867		
Culinary Water **	*	,		*	,	4,080	3,893
Pressurized Irrigation **						5,530	5,640
<i>5</i>						<i>)</i>	,

Source: Pleasant Grove City

Note: Data for Years Previous to 2011 Unavailable

^{*} Amounts restated from prior year

^{**} Correction made to reporting method

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Seven Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2011	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017
Function/Program							
Police							
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units (sworn officers)	25	25	26	26	27	27	27
Reserve Units					3	3	2
Fire Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other public works							
Streets (miles)	111	205	205	117	112	109	110
Streetlights	1,070	3,974	1,150	1,155	1,086	1,117	1,150
Storm Drain (miles)	69	101	72	72	98	95	96
Parks and recreation							
Swimming Pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Acreage	92	92	92	77	77	77	77
Playgrounds	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
Baseball/softball diamonds	7	7	7	6	8	8	8
Soccer/football fields	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Multi Use Trails (miles)							
Boulevard Trail							1.62
Murdock Trail							5.38
North County Trail							1.01
Rail Spur Trail							0.20
Vallley Vista Trail							5.78
Library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water							
Culinary Water Lines (miles)	136	151	152	156	154	145	146
Irrigation Water Lines (miles)	103	104	105	108	108	108	109
Fire Hydrants	N/A	1,223	1,240	1,280	1,355	1,383	1,420
Culinary Storage (thou. of gallons)	11,000	11,000	11,000	12,431	12,431	12,431	12,431
Irrigation Storage (thou. of gallons)	12,200	12,200	12,200	12,200	12,200	12,200	12,200
Wastewater							
Sanitary sewers (miles)	N/A	110	110	125	120	116	117

Source: Pleasant Grove City

Note: Data for Years Previous to 2011 Unavailable

GOVERNMENTAL COMPLIANCE SECTION

Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose & Erickson

A Professional Corporation
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

559 West 500 South Bountiful, Utah 84010 801-296-0200 Fax 801-296-1218

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Members of the Private Company Practice Section

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Pleasant Grove City

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pleasant Grove City (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings.

Pleasant Grove City's Response to Finding

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hanson, Braddow, Mahrere & Erickson, P.C.

December 1, 2017

Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose & Erickson

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

559 West 500 South Bountiful, Utah 84010 801-296-0200 Fax 801-296-1218

REPORT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE *UTAH STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE ON COMPLIANCE* WITH GENERAL STATE COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Pleasant Grove City

Report on Compliance with General State Compliance Requirements

We have audited Pleasant Grove City's (the City) compliance with the applicable general state compliance requirements described in the *Utah State Compliance Audit Guide*, issued by the Office of the Utah State Auditor, that could have a direct and material effect on the City for the year ended June 30, 2017.

General state compliance requirements were tested for the year ended June 30, 2017 in the following areas:

Cash Management Enterprise Fund Transfers,
Budgetary Compliance Reimbursements, Loans, and
Fund Balance Services
Justice Courts Restricted Taxes and Related Revenues
Impact Fees Treasurer's Bond
Utah Retirement Systems Open and Public Meetings Act

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the general state requirements referred to above.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit of the compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Utah State Compliance Audit Guide*. Those standards and the *Utah State Compliance Audit Guide* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the City occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each state compliance requirement listed above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

E. Lynn Hansen, CPA Clarke R. Bradshaw, CPA Gary E. Malmrose, CPA Edwin L. Erickson, CPA Michael L. Smith, CPA Jason L. Tanner, CPA Robert D. Wood, CPA Aaron R. Hixson, CPA Ted C. Gardiner, CPA

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Opinion on General State Compliance Requirements

In our opinion, Pleasant Grove City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the *Utah State Compliance Audit Guide* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. Our opinion on compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

The City's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with those state compliance requirements and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Utah State Compliance Audit Guide*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a state compliance requirement on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a state compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a state compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be *material weaknesses* or *significant deficiencies*. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on compliance and internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Utah State Compliance Audit Guide*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hanson, Braddow, Mahouse & Erickson, P.C.

December 1, 2017

PLEASANT GROVE CITY, UTAH Schedule of Findings June 30, 2017

Requirement/Program

Current Year Finding

1. Budgetary Compliance

<u>Finding</u>: State law requires that officers and employees of an entity shall not incur expenditures or encumbrances in excess of the total appropriation for any fund. For the year ended June 30, 2017, expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts in the following funds:

<u>Fund</u>	Amount Over Budget
Swimming Pool Fund Community Center Fund	\$2,997 \$51,847
Cultural Arts Fund	\$25,949

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should monitor the status over expenditures as compared to the budget through the year and amend the budget as necessary.

Management's Response: In the future, the City will monitor the expenditures to ensure that individual fund budgets don't exceed beyond their original budget or amended budgets.